臺北捷運公司 106 年 4 月 9 日新進司機員、隨車站務員、站務員 甄試試題-語文科目

請務必填寫姓名	:	•
應考編號	:	•

選擇題:每題2分,共50題,計100分

- 1. 【4】下列哪一句不是描寫「瀑布」的句子?
  - (1)海風吹不斷,江月照還空。
  - (2) 萬丈紅泉落,迢迢半紫氛。
  - (3)飛流直下三千尺,疑是銀河落九天。
  - (4) 山映斜陽天接水,芳草無情,更在斜陽外。
- 【4】中影文化城正在拍攝古裝劇,街坊商家的門聯依次是:「無時巧婦 2. 難較斤兩;有歲司農易見權衡。」「是池沼中物;作濠濮上觀。」 「風塵暫駐計殊得;萍水相逢緣最奇。」請問這些商家依次是:
  - (1) 酒館/魚舖/旅館
  - (2) 米店/菜販/魚舖
  - (3) 菜販/酒館/刀舖
  - (4) 米店/魚販/旅館。
- 「酒」與「月」是李白作品中的重要成分,下列詩文多半「酒」與 「月」並舉,何者不是? 3. (3)
  - (1) 開瓊筵以坐花,飛羽觴而醉月(〈春夜宴從弟桃花園序〉)
  - (2) 舉杯邀明月,對影成三人(〈月下獨酌〉)
  - (3) 白鷺垂珠滴秋月,月下沉吟久不歸(〈金陵城西樓月下吟〉)
  - (4) 唯願當歌對酒時,月光長照金樽裡(〈把酒問月〉)
- 【3】證嚴法師《靜思語》說:「心如鏡,雖外在景物不斷轉變,鏡面卻 4. 不會轉動,此即境轉心不轉。」下列選項中的文句,何者與之意思 相近?
  - (1) 寵辱偕忘,把酒臨風。
  - (2)去國懷鄉,憂讓畏譏。
  - (3) 不以物喜,不以己悲。
  - (4) 道之所存, 師之所存。
- 【4】「我們以寡敵眾時,就能考驗我們勇氣;而我們屬於大多數時,就 5. 能考驗我們的容忍的程度。」這段話是說:
  - (1) 識見卓越,義正詞嚴
  - (2) 動機純潔,膽氣橫逸(3) 嚴以律己,寬以待人

  - (4) 堅持真理,包容異議。
- 6. 【3】蒲松龄《聊齋誌異》一書問世,當時的大詩人王漁洋也閱讀過,他 還為這部小說題了一首詩,請你判斷這首詩應該是:
  - (1) 昔年有狂客,號爾謫仙人;筆落驚風雨,詩成泣鬼神
  - (2) 滿紙荒唐言,一把辛酸淚;都云作者癡,誰解其中味
  - (3) 姑妄言之姑聽之,豆棚瓜架雨如絲;料應厭作人間語,愛聽秋 墳鬼唱詩
  - (4) 滾滾長江東逝水,浪花淘盡英雄。是非成敗轉頭空,青山依舊 在,幾度夕陽紅。
- 【1】《論語》:「里仁為美,擇不處仁,焉得智?」本句強調環境對一 7. 個人的影響深遠。試判斷下列選項中的文句,何者文意不相近?

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- (1) 仁者安仁,智者利仁
- (2) 近朱者赤, 近墨者黑
- (3) 君子居必擇鄰,遊必就士,所以防邪僻而近中正也(4)入芝蘭之室,久不聞其香;入鮑魚之肆,久不聞其臭。
- 【3】徐志摩〈翡冷翠山居閒話〉說:「只要你自己性靈上不長瘡瘢,眼 8. 不盲,耳不塞,這無形跡的最高等教育便永遠是你的名分。」意謂:
  - (1) 人的本然善性不要被外界的物慾蒙蔽
  - (2) 受過高等教育可使人耳聰目明,性靈成長
  - (3) 投身大自然,能從中得到無窮的啟發
  - (4) 不要在乎外在猜分,只求自我心靈的成長。
- 9. 【2】連横〈台灣通史序〉說:「兵馬倥傯,檔案俱失;私家收拾,半付 祝融。」意謂:
  - (1) 烽火連天,無暇修史
  - (2) 資料殘缺,修史不易
  - (3) 警惕後人,慎保史書
  - (4) 告知世人,史書重要。
- 10. 【3】下列詞語,何者是反義詞?
  - (1) 名山之業/千古名作
  - (2) 篳路藍縷/創業維艱
  - (3) 兵馬倥傯/河清海晏
  - (4) 郡書燕說/穿鑿附會。
- 11. 【1】道家主張一切作為應順應自然,不加主觀妄作,主張清靜無為,其 代表人物有老子、莊子、列子、楊朱。請判斷下列哪一個選項的文 **白並非出自道家者流:** 
  - (1) 流水之為物也,不盈科不行;君子之志於道也,不成章不達
  - (2) 牛馬四足是謂天,落馬首,穿牛鼻,是謂人,故曰無以人滅天
  - (3) 聖人不凝滯於物,而能與世推移。世人皆濁,何不隨其流而揚 其波
  - (4) 飄風不終朝,驟雨不終日,孰為此者?天地。天地尚不能久, 而況人乎?
- 12. 【4】下列文句當中,完全沒有出現錯別字的選項是:
  - (1) 由於個性剛直,見不平則鳴,因此他在政治圈豎敵無數
  - (2) 這次的語文競賽,總共五位同學獲得前三名的殊榮,他們開心 的笑得合不隴嘴
  - (3) 原本應該公正的媒體,少數因為政治或是利益掛鉤的原因,倫 為權勢和財閥利用的工具
  - (4)碰到了天敵——虎鯨,一群弗氏海豚便驚惶失措的奔竄逃命, 頓時浪花飛濺,氣氛緊張。
- 13. 【2】下列文句「」內的成語,何者使用不正確?
  - (1) 他的應變能力佳,遇事往往「履險如夷」,成功度過
  - (2)昨天謠言說高經理高昇,沒想到是誤傳,使得他今天「大喜過 望」,一副失魂落魄的樣子

  - (3)他雖然博學多聞,但總是抱持「虛懷若谷」的態度向別人請教 (4)遇到推銷員的時候,往往因為「一念之仁」而買下原本不想買 的東西。

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14.	[4]	下列各組「」內的字,讀音相同的選項是: (1) 眼花「撩」亂/「瞭」望遠方/香火「繚」繞 (2) 勵志「箴」言/三「緘」其口/老少「咸」宜 (3) 不「忮」不求/一貫「伎」俩/「芰」荷秋光 (4)「翌」日清晨/「翳」入天聽/繁星「熠」熠。
15.	[3]	下列各組「」內的注音符號所表示的字,字形相同的是: (1) 扣「T一号/」而歌/垂「T一号/」三尺 (2) 「T一幺」腹從公/行為「T一幺」張 (3) 無「T一せ、」可擊/「T一せ、」怠退縮 (4) 「T山」欷不已/長「T山」短嘆。
16.	[3]	「對聯」藝術是中國文化的特色之一,應用甚廣。客廳、書齋、古蹟、廟宇、亭臺樓閣處處可見。請就以下對聯判斷,何者適合用在書房? (1)千古文章傳性道,一堂孝友樂天倫 (2)水色山光皆書本,花香鳥語是詩情 (3)尚有清才對風月,便同爾雅注蟲魚 (4)十二時辰運掌上,三千世界在眼前。
17.	[1]	下列文句「」內的成語,使用不正確的選項是: (1)為了導正社會風氣,他上任以後就以身作則,希望能夠「矯俗干名」,革新弊病。 (2)五月天舉辦簽名記者會,出現「萬人空巷」的盛大場面,會場四周交通為之癱瘓。 (3)經你解說使我「茅塞頓開」,不再有疑惑。 (4)金庸小說風行國內,一時「洛陽紙貴」,眾人爭睹。
18.	[3]	下列成語,何者字形有誤? (1)不次擢用/濯纓濯足 (2)直截了當/揭竿而起 (3)紼袖而去/名副其實 (4)珊來遲/意興闌珊。
19.	[3]	「胡馬依□風,越鳥朝□枝」、「簾捲□風,人比黃花瘦」、「春城無處不飛花,寒食□風御柳斜」、「□風捲地百草折,胡天八月即飛雪」以上空格依次序當為: (1)北/東/西/南/西 (2)東/西/北/東/西 (3)北/南/西/東/北 (4)東/南/西/南/北。
20.	[2]	下列文句□處詞語依序宜填入: (甲) 國家大事的缺失,多半起於細微之處,能□□□□,才能長保無虞。 (乙) 天下之事,當其易也,惜□□□□□,忽之而不顧,終致無可救藥。 (丙) 他守口如瓶,對窮追不捨的探問,也總是□□□□的應付過去。 (1) 蚍蜉之力/輕描淡寫/慮周行果 (2) 防微杜漸/蚍蜉之力/輕描淡寫
		<b>第</b> 9 百 / 升 7 百

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		甄試試題-語文科目 (3) 慮周行果/防微杜漸/蚍蜉之力 (4) 輕描淡寫/慮周行果/防微杜漸。
21.	[2]	下列文句「」內成語使用錯誤的選項是: (1)對於層出不窮的社會案件,我們早已「司空見慣」了。 (2)他一向「輕諾寡信」,無法拒絕朋友的要求,為遵守約定,弄得自己精疲力盡。 (3)現在大學教育普及,高學歷者已是「車載斗量」。 (4)父母平日對我們兄弟姊妹諄諄教誨,有困難時要「相濡以沫」,以發揮手足之情。
22.	[3]	古人行文常以某些特定詞語代稱「年齡」。下列「」中的詞語皆為 年齡代稱,哪個選項代稱的年歲最小? (1)余「束髮」讀書在軒中 (2)予「弱冠」粵行 (3)生汝死後,才「周晬」耳 (4)王小姐正當「花信」年華,待字閨中。
23.	[3]	「現代人拜科技發達之賜,社會大眾□□不只豐衣足食而已。一種新的口味,□□讓我們大排長龍;一種新形式的玩偶,也可以讓我們爭先恐後。這種唯物是從,標新炫奇的戲碼,在我們社會裡不斷地上演。有人說,這就叫「戀物」;我們該縱容自己的戀物心態?□□節制自己的戀物心態呢?」文中□□處依序宜填入: (1)已經/然而/可以 (2)一定/足以/或許 (3)早已/可以/抑或 (4)或許/一定/縱然。
24.	[2]	「涉江採芙蓉,蘭澤多芳草,採之欲遺(贈)誰?所思在遠道。還顧望舊鄉,長路漫浩浩。同心而離居,憂傷以終老」(〈古詩十九首〉)試研判此詩的意含,下列何者不同? (1)相去萬餘里,各在天一涯,道路阻且常,會面安可知 (2)人生不滿百,常懷千歲憂,畫短苦夜長,何不秉燭遊 (3)青青河畔草,綿綿思遠道,遠道不可思,夙昔夢見之 (4)庭中有奇樹,綠葉發華滋,攀條折其榮,將以遺所思。
25.	[3]	學生寫封信問候老師說:「講餘有便,尚祈 教話時頒,裨益庸愚。 肅此,敬請 □□。」信中結尾敬詞□□,應該填入什麼? (1)金安 (2)台安 (3)道安 (4)大安。
26.	[4]	Students are allowed to the content of the article they are reading in their own way.  (1) avoid (2) forget (3) gather (4) interpret
27.	[2]	Friday's snowstorm, the local electrical company was swamped with calls from residents in Franklin township reporting fallen wires and broken traffic lights.  (1) Followed (2) Following (3) Follower (4) Follows

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28.	[2]	These daycare centers do not charge fees and are by the government. (1) explained (2) funded (3) reserved (4) adopted
29.	[3]	The emissions from vehicles and local industries have seriously to polluting the environment, typically accounting for 15% to 30% of total urban waste.  (1) damaged (2) provided (3) contributed (4) caused
30.	[1]	Jenny was late because she how long the trip would take by bus. (1) underestimated (2) chose (3) counted (4) changed
31.	[4]	The introduction section doesn't summarize the purpose of this new study, it needs to be revised—if not rewritten completely. (1) unless (2) however (3) moreover (4) so
32.	[3]	The school offers a variety of workshops and seminars, free of, which are conducted by senior scholars from different departments. (1) deposit (2) fee (3) charge (4) saving
33.	[1]	The salespersonhave been any nicer; he gift-wrapped all the things I purchased and even helped me carry them to my car. (1) couldn't (2) wouldn't (3) might (4) should
34.	[2]	The Ministry of Health and Welfare has confirmed the drug company's that ReNewHR will help bald man grow new hair.  (1) test (2) claim (3) demand (4) request
35.	[1]	All the filing cabinets in Jessie's office are nearly full; she will need to in a few more soon.  (1) invest (2) repair (3) rent (4) withdraw
36.	[4]	Sign up for a special account today and pay only \$ 29.99—that's 40% off theprice. (1) occasional (2) first (3) frequent (4) original
37.	[1]	Unfortunately, the cruise to Okinawa in July has no more, but it is still possible to reserve a cabin for the one in October. (1) vacancies (2) opportunities (3) schedule (4) occupants
38.	[2]	The receptionist at the Columbia Memorial Hospital suggested taking a taxi to the hospital as to summoning an ambulance. (1) applied (2) opposed (3) supposed (4) alternatives
39.	[1]	The hospital personnel requires parents to provide a name for their newborn babies before allowing it  (1) to be discharged (2) discharged (3) discharging (4) can be

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discharged.

right next to you?

40.	[4]	The Hershey Company has a team of full-time quality control specialists in America to its candy-making operations.  (1) force (2) interest (3) access (4) oversee
41.	[1]	Inabout new technology, the company has released a video showcasing the world's first self-parking office chair in action. (1) today's news (2) news of the day (3) today news (4) news of today
42.	[3]	The local educational foundations are encouraged to carry out activities so they can pay for the upcoming events, called "Teach for the Future."  (1) interview (2) recruiting (3) fund-raising (4) amusing
43.	[1]	It's getting cold;me a favor and turn on the heater. (1) do (2) please (3) show (4) give
44.	[3]	If you'd please pass this information on to my, she'll make sure that everything is handled properly and efficiently. (1) accessory (2) fax machine (3) assistant (4) convenience
45.	[2]	A: Could you please tell me when the next sales training session will start?  B:  (1) It will be held in the meeting room.  (2) Tomorrow afternoon at 3pm.  (3) The boss is coming tomorrow afternoon.  (4) The registration fee for the training session is very expensive.
46.	[4]	A: I hope you don't mind my asking, but what did the security guard ask you about?  B: (1) To tell you the truth, his behavior isn't very good.  (2) I just walked right up to him and asked him for a raise.\  (3) I don't mind at all if he wants to close the door.  (4) He just wanted to know who the lady was that just came in.
47.	[2]	•
48.	[1]	A: Don't you just hate it when people talk loudly on their smart phones

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B: \_\_\_\_\_.

- (1) I do it myself, so it doesn't really bother me.
- (2) The price of smart phones has really discouraged me as well.
- (3) I never hanged out with people who talk loudly.
- (4) Come on now. You don't really hate people, do you?

#### 閱讀 測驗

As the earliest consumers of new technology, early adopters have a great influence on the industry. The most obvious way they exercise this influence is to identify bugs and other flaws to the makers of the new product, who then quickly fix them. Furthermore, many social media has forums for early adopters to discuss new products and make a name for themselves as shapers of public opinion. "Companies are now starting to realize that...early adopters are more than just geeks with a passion but also a great way to spread their brand and products," writes Selix. Consequently, "the first purchasers of a product are often rewarded with discounts, free lifetime service, or other incentives for good reviews. They also sometimes have a say in up-and-coming products. For example, in 2012 Google began the Glass Explorer program. 'Explorers' chosen according to their influence were given the chance to buy Glass, the wearable computer, before it became available in stores, and to help shape the product's development. Later, Google invited the public to apply for the Explorer program, saying applicants would be judged in part on how creative, original, and influential their suggested uses for Glass were. This is a clever way to [praise] early adopters, get their ideas, and make use of their prestige, all at the same time." Excerpted and adapted from The Fun—and the Power—of Being an Early Adopter by Marie Lavoisier.

- 49. [3] According to this passage, what's the influence of social media?
  - (1) It provides rewards when people buy Google Glass.
  - (2) It led companies to turn their back on early adopters.
  - (3) It allows early adopters to have a say on the new products and to influence public opinion.
  - (4) It has made the companies to rely on early adopters.
- 50. [4] What can be inferred from the passage?
  - (1) Early adopters always give positive reviews to new products.
  - (2) The benefits that companies give to early adopters are minimal.
  - (3) All the explorers are hired by Google.
  - (4) Those who participate in the Glass Explorer program are mainly early adopters.