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70640~70840

98年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及國際新聞人員考試、 98年公務人員特種考試法務部調查局調查人員考試、98年公 務人員特種考試國家安全局國家安全情報人員考試試題

考 試 別:調查人員、國家安全情報人員

笲 別:三等考試

別:調查人員調查工作組(外國文選試英文)、國家安全情報人員各組(外國文 組

選試英文)

目:外國文(英文) 科

考試時間:2小時

座號:

(D) suppressed

(D) infer

※注意:禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分: (50分)

(一)不必抄題,作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上,於本試題上作答者,不予計分。 (二)請以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

一、翻譯

(一)英翻中:請將下列英文翻譯成中文(15分)

National security measures are imposed to protect society as a whole. However, such measures tend to restrict the rights and freedoms of individuals in the society. Our concern is that if the exercise of national security laws and powers is not subject to strict checks and balances, there is a risk that national security may serve as a pretext for suppressing unfavorable political and social views.

(二)中翻英:請將下列中文翻譯成英文(10分) 我們的教育制度已無法因應社會改革及經濟發展的需求,尤其是全國出生率的降 低和社會價值的改變,已減弱教育文憑的價值。

二、英文作文: (25分)

(A) confirmed

(A) implement

The government promised to

What are some tips for healthy living? Write an essay of no more than 300 words on how to live a healthy and meaningful life

	now to nve a near	any and meaningran me.									
乙、		子) ·選擇題,請選出 <u>一個</u> 正確 分,須用 <u>2B鉛筆</u> 在試卡上依題號									
1	Jane's were high with the hope of seeing the Pope in person.										
		(B) minds		(D) spirits							
2	You would not explor worlds without		city without a guidebook, n	作答者,該題 <u>不予計分</u> 。 論試卷上作答者,不予計分。 (D) spirits nor should you explore online (D) voracious and expect him to behave (D) subsequently (D) wrestling with but by mental stress. (D) psychotherapeutic worst since the great North Sea							
	(A) serene	(B) spacious	(C) virtual	(D) voracious							
3	Alex is the youngest chi	lld in his family. His parents alw	ays treat him like a baby and	expect him to behave							
	(A) accordingly	(B) knowingly	(C) simultaneously	(D) subsequently							
4	We spent two hours	the big problem, but we st	ill could not solve it.								
	(A) alluding to	(B) blaming on	(C) excusing for	(D) wrestling with							
5											
	(A) psychoanalytic	(B) psychochemical	(C) psychosomatic	(D) psychotherapeutic							
6	The floods in t	he southern provinces of the N	letherlands have been the w	orst since the great North Sea							
	floods of 1953.	_		-							
	(A) contentious	(B) contagious	(C) collapsing	(D) catastrophic							
7	The mountain climbers	were by a storm and ha	ad to stay in the cabin for thr	ee days.							

(B) stained

(B) interfere

(C) stranded

(C) immerse

a new system to control financial loan institutions.

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				<u> </u>								
9			out somehow I still couldn't find									
	(A) ambiguous	(B) explicit	(C) illicit	(D) pernicious								
10	Many husbands have	_ feelings about their wiv	es with successful careers. They	may be proud of what their								
	wives do, but they may also											
		(B) capricious	1	2								
11	_		lmost hard to find someone who									
	*	(B) luxurious	(C) rare	(D) widespread								
12			words, it is not sold in any store.									
			(C) subsidiary	(D) substance								
13	It took years to the		case.									
		(B) detonate	(C) refute	(D) renovate								
14	I can feel that he wants to d											
	(A) maladroit		(C) malodorous	(D) malnourished								
15		e are at least twelve differ	rent groups. None of the	ese is large enough to form a								
	majority of the population.											
1.	(A) ethical	(B) ethnic	(C) heterosexual									
16			ers of war the next five									
1.7	(A) on		(C) till	(D) before								
17	He came out of his office an			(D) (1								
10	(A) with	(B) for	(C) that	(D) together								
18	They have no understanding	g of the morality of	they are doing.	(D) :								
10	(A) what	(B) which	(C) that	(D) it								
19			d from a serious illness with her (C) release	(D) reluctance								
20												
20	(A) had	(B) did	de with the village across the val (C) should	(D) would								
21												
21	You do not have to be a television critic or historian to read the culture that is projected over the airwaves. (A) Most people, be they television critics or historians, have little understanding of the culture on TV.											
	(B) Most people know how to make valuable TV programs as well as television critics or historians.											
	(C) Most people have better understandings of TV programs than television critics or historians.											
	(D) Most people can understandings of TV programs than television critics or historians.											
22	Film producers are wondering if superheroes like Batman, Spider-Man, and Iron Man truly have no limits or they											
	are already on their way ou		, ~p 1, 1	1 44 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41								
	(A) Film producers are wondering if there are still some superheroes they have not featured in their films or there											
	is none left out.											
	(B) Film producers are not sure if they should continue making films about superheroes or they should stop											
	producing films of this genre.											
	(C) Film producers are concerned if films about superheroes will be popular forever or they are already running											
	out of their charm.											
	(D) Film producers are trying to figure out if existing superheroes still have potential for big box-office hits or it is											
	time to create new superheroes.											
23	If wisdom is the art of knowing what to overlook, then living distracted is just not smart.											
			, then living our lives without an									
		ignored is a wise thing to	do, then it is just unwise to allow	w ourselves to be distracted								
	all the time.											
			wise thing to do and also the key									
			ing to help us live a less distract									
24	_	al economy has reached so	uch a wide range of countries the	hat they are now feeding on								
	one another.			66 . 6 . 1								
			e degree that many countries are									
	_	wnturn has involved so ma	any countries that they are now	affecting one another in								
	economy.											

(D) So many countries are affected by the global economic crisis and they are now working together to get out of the crisis.

(C) So many countries are now trying hard together to slow down the wide-range spread of the global economic

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- 25 Keystone predators function as biological linchpins—without them, ecosystems will plunge into chaos.
 - (A) Without the major function of predators, ecosystems will malfunction gradually.
 - (B) Powerful predators function properly with the hope of maintaining the stability of ecosystems.
 - (C) Ecosystems will be properly maintained if major predators no longer function.
 - (D) Major predators are key players in maintaining the order of ecosystems.
- The retailer's coffers swelled as consumers continued shopping at its stores, famed for their competitive prices on a wide range of goods, despite high fuel prices and a credit squeeze.
 - (A) The retailer, famous for its various low-priced goods, still made a lot of profits from patrons even when oil prices soared and control of credit tightened.
 - (B) The retailer, known for its diverse low-priced merchandise, beat its competition in earnings by offering customers free coffee when oil prices and credit cards were increasing.
 - (C) An increasing number of customers purchased different low-priced commodities at the retailer's stores when there was a hike in oil price and a cut in credit.
 - (D) The retailer's coffee business boomed because consumers shopped at its stores which had a reputation for selling low-priced coffee and other goods in a time of high-priced oil and tightened credit.
- We don't receive wisdom. We must discover it for ourselves.
 - (A) Wisdom comes not by teaching but by discovering.
 - (B) Wisdom should be created by ourselves.
 - (C) Wisdom can always be discovered.
 - (D) If we discover wisdom ourselves, we will be sure to treasure it.
- 28 The author of this book writes to appeal to the general public. Not just to a few.
 - (A) The book is the best seller of the year.
- (B) The book is not popular among most people.
- (C) The writer wants all people to be his/her readers.
- (D) The writer does not appear in front of the public.
- 29 Socializing is as basic to human beings as food. More so, in fact, if food makes us live, conversation makes life worth living.
 - (A) Just as food keeps us alive so conversation enriches our lives.
 - (B) Conversation is less important than food for the latter keeps us alive.
 - (C) Socializing is as important as food whereas conversation is worth more than the two combined.
 - (D) Social activities are as important as food to human beings; if the former can keep us alive so will the latter.
- If each individual is not different from the next, humans would need neither speech nor action to make themselves understood. Signs to communicate identical needs would be enough.
 - (A) If each individual is identical to the next, humans would not need speech or action to make themselves understood, though signs would not be enough to express needs.
 - (B) If we are all identical, we would not need speech or action to make ourselves understood, and signs would communicate our needs.
 - (C) If each individual is identical to the next, humans would not need speech or action—signs to communicate needs—to make themselves understood.
 - (D) If each individual is identical to the next, neither action nor signs would be needed for people to understand each other.
- In the womb, the body of a developing fetus is female by default and becomes male if the male-determining gene known as SRY is present.
 - (A) The SRY gene does not affect the female fetus, but it helps the male fetus develop into a boy baby.
 - (B) The SRY gene changes the sex of the developing fetus by changing the biological conditions of the womb.
 - (C) The SRY gene determines whether a male fetus will grow into a boy baby, or a female one will grow into a girl baby.
 - (D) If the SRY gene exists, the fetus will grow into a boy baby; otherwise, all fetuses will become girl babies.

If a successful longevity treatment were to emerge suddenly out of all the new developments of medical science, tacking on extra decades or even centuries to our lives, the results could be disastrous. It might very well be a case of the cure's being worse than the disease. This would be true even for the individuals lucky enough to receive the treatment. Presumably any treatment that conferred long life would keep people generally healthy, but the extra years would be a kind of medical balancing act, akin to the jugglers who dash about keeping plates spinning on top of poles. It would be nerve-racking at best.

What if the treatments did little or nothing to help one's memory? This is a crucial point that is often overlooked in discussions of longevity. The brain is by far the most complex organ known to us, and the workings of memory are not really understood. Keeping the body alive might be possible before we could do anything to strengthen or restore lost memories. Even the ordinary lifetime often seems too much for human memory to hold or recall, and if decades were tacked on, the long middle years of a life might be substantially forgotten, leaving only dim memories of childhood and recent events. If that were the case, the whole point of the exercise would be lost, for it is memory that makes us human.

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32	What i	is the	main	concern	of this	passage?
	1111111	LD CIIC	IIIMIII	COMCUM	OI CILID	passage.

- (A) Ways to prolong human's life in the future
- (B) The importance of longevity in human life
- (C) The possible problems people might face when life is prolonged
- (D) The difficulties of prolonging human life at the present time
- 33 According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
 - (A) Brain's function is the result of medical balance.
 - (B) Brain's function is not well understood by scientists now.
 - (C) Human brain is a nerve-racking system.
 - (D) Brain's function is easily overlooked.
- 34 According to the passage, what makes us human?

(A) Our body (B) Our nerve system (C) Our healt

(C) Our health (D) Our memory

According to the passage, lengthening one's life successfully might be ____

(A) catastrophic (B) rewarding (C) exciting (D) impressive

According to the passage, the sentence "It might very well be the case of the cure's being worse than the disease" implies that _____.

(A) living a short life is worse than leading a long life

- (B) no medicine can cure this disease
- (C) it is impossible to balance the medical treatment
- (D) the result of longevity might not be welcomed

第37題至40題爲篇章結構,各題請依文意,從四個選項中選出最合適者,各題答案內容不重複

The field of molecular genetics is moving at a rapid pace. Our ability to manipulate genes and understand the complex processes involved in genetics is developing almost on a daily basis. 37 In particular, gene therapy is one aspect of molecular genetics that is causing a lot of concern.

Gene therapy is defined as a way of curing or preventing disease by changing the behavior of a person's genes. Currently, gene therapy is still in its early stage, with most of it still experimental. There are actually two types of gene therapy: somatic and germline. Somatic gene therapy targets genes in the soma, or body, cells. 38 For example, experimental trials in treating cystic fibrosis treat the genes only in the cells of the lungs and, consequently, the patient's children would still be at risk for the disease.

- <u>39</u> The egg or sperm cells of the patient are genetically changed with the goal of passing on these changes to their children. In practice, this would mean changing the fertilized egg, the embryo-to-be, so that the genetic changes would be copied into every cell of the future adult, including the reproductive cells. In fact, germline genetic engineering is not being actively investigated in humans or even large animals at this point. Thus far, the procedures are still too dangerous and undeveloped. Experimentation has occurred with mice where genes are added or deleted and the effects observed to help better understand gene functions.
- <u>40</u> But, in fact, these reports are either of somatic gene therapy trials or of cloning, which in itself does not alter any genes, but merely copies them. Furthermore, even in the field of somatic gene therapy, many factors have prevented researchers from developing successful gene therapy techniques.
- 37 (A) Scientists have tried to replace disease-causing genes with healthy ones.
 - (B) In this way, the genome of the recipient is changed, but this change is not passed onto the next generation.
 - (C) Understandably, people have fears about this powerful technology and are worried that we may use it in ways to change our humanity.
 - (D) Many people falsely assume that germline genetic engineering is already performed with regularity, due to news reports of genetic manipulation.
- 38 (A) In germline gene therapy, genetic changes are made to reproductive cells.
 - (B) In this way, the genome of the recipient is changed, but this change is not passed onto the next generation.
 - (C) Scientists do not know all the functions of our genes and only know some of the genes involved in genetic diseases.
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測驗題標準答案

考試名稱: 98年 公務人員特種考試外交領事人員暨國際新聞人員考試、法務部調查局調查人員考試、國家安全局國家安全情報人員考試

類科名稱: 政經組(外國文選試英文)

科目名稱: 外國文(英文)(試題代號:4601)

題 數: 40題

標準答案:

題序	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	D	С	A	D	С	D	С	A	В	A	D	В	A	В	В	В	A	A	В	В
題序	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	D	С	В	В	D	A	A	С	A	В	D	С	В	D	A	D	С	В	A	D

備 註: 無更正紀錄。