代號:10840 頁次:4-1

102年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及外交行政人員考試、102年公務人員特種考試法務部調查局調查人員考試、102年公務人員特種考試國家安全局國家安全情報人員考試、102年公務人員特種考試經濟部專利商標審查人員考試試題

座號:

考 試 别:外交領事人員

等 別:三等考試

類 科 組:俄文組

科 目:外國文(俄文兼試基礎英文)

考試時間:2小時

※注意:禁止使用電子計算器。

#### 甲、申論題部分: (75分)

(一)不必抄題,作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上,於本試題上作答者,不予計分。(二)請以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

# Переведите на китайский язык.

- (→) Массовые волнения и столкновения силовиков и сторонников исламистов продолжаются в Египте с 14 августа, когда полиция в Египте разогнала два лагеря протестующих против свержения президента Мохаммеда Мурси. По последним данным, число погибших достигло 578 человек, пострадали более 4300 человек. С 14 августа в Египте объявлен режим чрезвычайного положения сроком на месяц, а в 11 провинциях введен комендантский час. (15 分)

## 二、Переведите на русский язык.

- 今山市世界大學運動會的使命是,將來自世界各地的年輕運動員集合在一個具有獨特的多民族文化遺產的城市中。持續俄羅斯的體育傳統,為新世代運動員提供一個據點。(10分)
- □讓喀山市民生活更多樣化,更有趣,更舒適。提供各年齡層的市民有機會從事喜愛的各種運動,引領健康的生活方式。對俄羅斯在世界上形成正面形象作出大的貢獻。(10分)
- 三、Напишите сочинение на тему «Роль женщины в современном обществе». (25 分)

乙、			當的 <u>答案</u> , <u>複選</u> 作答者,該											
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<sup>3</sup> 論試卷上作答者,不予計分。										
1	With two kids studying in private schools, Joe has a day job and also has to as a bartender													
	club.													
	(A) freewheel	(B) handcraft	(C)keynote	(D)moonlight										
2	2 Between 1990 and 2003 when the United States' annual carbon dioxide emissions increased by 16 p													
	learned about the presented by global warming.													
	(A)bounty	(B)celebrity	(D) seniority											
3	What's the best way of encouraging men to pee more in public urinals? Answer: Give them a target.													
	(A)accurately	(B)moderately	(C)punctually	(D) secretly										
4	In this summer, more than two hundred students 12 nationalities began their studies at the Internation													
	Program of Business Administration.													
	(A) estimating	(B) representing	(C) separating	(D) withdrawing										
5	Senior citizens who receive flu shots have a higher degree of and are less likely to catch cold.													
	(A) breakthrough	(B) fascination	(C) immunity	(D)pessimism										
6	The snowstorm was comir	ng. The young man was aski	ng the airline staff for inforr	nation about the flight.										
	(A)overbearing	(B) overblown	(C)overcast	(D)overdue										
請仗	不文回答第7題至第1	1題												

#### 請

Discovering and stating the theme of a story is often a delicate task. Sometimes we will feel what the story is about strongly enough and 7 find it difficult to put this feeling into words. If we are skilled readers, it is perhaps unnecessary that we do so. The bare statement of the theme, so lifeless and impoverished when abstracted from the story, may seem to 8 the story to something less than it is. Often, however, the attempt to state a theme will reveal to us aspects of a story that we should 9 not have noticed and will thereby lead to more thorough understanding.

The ability to state a theme, 10, is a test of our understanding of a story. Beginning readers often think they understand a story when in actuality they have misunderstood it. They understand the events but not what the events add up to. Or, in adding up the events, they arrive at an 11 total. People sometimes miss the point of a joke. It is not surprising that they should frequently miss the point of a good piece of fiction, which is many times more complex than a joke.

7	(A)so	(B) sometimes	(C) yet	(D)together
8	(A)appreciate	(B) diminish	(C) fabricate	(D)outline
9	(A)hence	(B) otherwise	(C) similarly	(D)still
10	(A)however	(B)therefore	(C)moreover	(D)accordingly
11	(A)accurate	(B)approximate	(C)enormous	(D)erroneous

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- 12 Although cooking removes some nutrients from foods, it also breaks down the compounds to make some nutrients easier for our bodies to extract.
  - (A) Cooking renders foods less nutritious because food compounds are destroyed in the cooking process.
  - (B) In the cooking process, some nutrients in foods are destroyed while others are preserved.
  - (C) Some nutrients in foods are lost in the cooking process, in which nutrients are decomposed and destroyed.
  - (D) After cooking, some nutrients are destroyed while others are decomposed and become more absorbable to the human body.

#### 請依下文回答第13題至第16題

Tourism has seriously damaged fragile ecosystems like the Alps—the winter skiing playground of Europe—and the trekking areas of the Himalayas. Worldwide, it poses a serious threat to coastal habitats like dunes, mangrove forests, and coral reefs. It fuels a booming and usually illegal trade in the products of threatened wildlife, from tortoise-shells and corals to ivories. Its "consumers" inevitably bring their habits and expectations with them—whether it is hot showers and flush toilets or well-watered greens for golfers. In the Himalayas, showers for trekkers often mean firewood, which means deforestation. In Hawaii and Barbados, it was found that each tourist used six and ten times as much water and electricity as a local. In Goa, villagers forced to walk to wells for their water had to watch helplessly as a pipeline to a new luxury hotel was built through their land. Over the past decade, golf, because of its appetite for land, water, and herbicides, has emerged as one of the biggest culprits, so much so that "golf wars" have broken out in parts of Southeast Asia; campaigners in Japan, one of the chief exponents of golf tourism, have launched an annual World No Golf Day.

- What is the main idea of the passage?
  - (A) Tourism motivates the authority to grow more mangroves.
  - (B) Tourism has a pernicious effect upon our ecosystems.
  - (C) Tourism can raise our awareness of the importance of environmental protection.
  - (D) Tourism makes transportation easier than before.
- 14 Which of the following statements is true in Hawaii and Barbados?
  - (A) A tourist used as much water as a local resident did.
  - (B) A tourist used much more water than a local resident did.
  - (C) A tourist used less water than a local resident did.
  - (D) A tourist was more often than not a nature lover.
- 15 According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
  - (A)In the Himalayas, showers for trekkers mean "hot showers."
  - (B) Villagers in Goa are not concerned with their land and water.
  - (C) Tourists are more than happy to learn local knowledge.
  - (D) Tourism not only promotes local culture but also does good to the environment.

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16 According to the passage, what is happening to worldwide coastal habitats?

(A) They are destroyed in wars.

(B) They are thriving.

(C) They are under threat.

(D) They remain the same as usual.

#### 第17題至第20題爲篇章結構,各題請依文意,從四個選項中選出最合適者,各題答案內容不重複

Culture shock can be an excellent lesson in relative values and in understanding human differences. 17 In fact, because of the way we are taught in our culture, we are all "ethnocentric." This term comes from the Greek root *ethnos*, meaning a people or group. Thus, it refers to the fact that our outlook or world view is centered on our own way of life. 18 Therefore, other people, to the extent that they live differently, live by standards that are inhuman, irrational, unnatural, or wrong.

- 19 People will always find some aspects of another culture distasteful, be it sexual practices, a way of treating friends or relatives, or simply a food that they cannot manage to get down with a smile. 20 However, it is something anthropologists who study other cultures should constantly be aware of, so that when they are tempted to make value judgments about another way of life, they can look at the situation objectively and take their bias into account.
- 17 (A)Ethnocentrism is the view that one's own culture is better than all others.
  - (B) The reason culture shock occurs is that we are not prepared for these differences.
  - (C)An ethnocentric observation focuses on cultural practices that are normal to one group but repulsive to another.
  - (D) There is no one in our society who is not ethnocentric to some degree, no matter how liberal and open-minded he or she might claim to be.
- 18 (A) Ethnocentrism is the view that one's own culture is better than all others.
  - (B) The reason culture shock occurs is that we are not prepared for these differences.
  - (C) This is not something we should be ashamed of because it is a natural outcome of growing up in any society.
  - (D) This implies that members of other groups are far more superior.
- 19 (A) The reason culture shock occurs is that we are not prepared for these differences.
  - (B) This is not something we should be ashamed of because it is a natural outcome of growing up in any society.
  - (C)An ethnocentric observation focuses on cultural practices that are normal to one group but repulsive to another.
  - (D) There is no one in our society who is not ethnocentric to some degree, no matter how liberal and open-minded he or she might claim to be.
- 20 (A) This implies that members of other groups are far more superior.
  - (B) Ethnocentrism is the view that one's own culture is better than all others.
  - (C) This is not something we should be ashamed of because it is a natural outcome of growing up in any society.
  - (D)An ethnocentric observation focuses on cultural practices that are normal to one group but repulsive to another.

## 測驗式試題標準答案

考試名稱: 102年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及外交行政人員、法務部調查局調查人員、國家安

全局國家安全情報人員、民航人員及經濟部專利商標審查人員考試

外交領事人員阿拉伯文組、外交領事人員法文組、外交領事人員韓文組、外交領事人員德文組、外交領事人 類科名稱:

員俄文組、外交領事人員日文組、外交領事人員西班牙文組、外交領事人員葡萄牙文組

科目名稱: 外國文(阿拉伯文兼試基礎英文)、外國文(法文兼試基礎英文)、外國文(韓文兼試基礎英文)、外國文(德文

兼試基礎英文)、外國文(俄文兼試基礎英文)、外國文(日文兼試基礎英文)、外國文(西班牙文兼試基礎英文

)、外國文(葡萄牙文兼試基礎英文)(試題代號:4102)

數: 20題 題

標準答案:

題號	01	02	03	04	05		06	07	08	09	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	D	С	A	В	С		D	С	В	В	С		D	D	В	В	A	С	В	A	D	С
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