

合作金庫商業銀行 105 年儲備菁英(GA)暨一般行員甄試試題

甄試類別【代碼】：大型主機程式設計人員【I9402】、一般人員（徵授信組）【I9403 - I9404】、一般人員（金融組）【I9405 - I9406】、護理人員【I9407】

普通科目：國文及英文

*入場通知書編號：_____

注意：①作答前須檢查答案卡、入場通知書號碼、座位標籤號碼、甄試類別是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理，否則不予計分。使用非本人答案卡作答者，該節不予計分。
②本試卷一張雙面，四選一單選選擇題共 50 題，每題 2 分，共 100 分，限用 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答，請選出最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；未作答者，不予計分。
③請勿於答案卡上書寫姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
④本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(不具任何財務函數、工程函數功能、儲存程式功能)，但不得發出聲響；若應考人於測驗時將不符規定之電子計算器放置於桌面或使用，經勸阻無效，仍執意使用者，該節扣 10 分；該電子計算器並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸還。
⑤答案卡務必繳回，未繳回者該科以零分計算。

壹、國文【第 1-25 題，每題 2 分，共計 25 題，占 50 分】

【2】1.下列四個語詞中，哪一個「挑」字的讀法與其他三者不同？

- ①挑選 ②挑戰 ③挑夫 ④挑食

【1】2.「殺人越□」，□內應填入下列何字？

- ①貨 ②霍 ③惑 ④禍

【1】3.下列各文句□□內依序應填入的詞語，完全正確的選項是下列何者？

甲、千人之諾諾，不如一士之□□。

乙、兒女情長，英雄□□。

丙、積善之家，必有□□。

- ①諤諤／氣短／餘慶 ②岌岌／氣短／多財
③諤諤／氣脹／多財 ④岌岌／氣脹／餘慶

【4】4.關於文句「」的解釋，下列何者正確？

- ①管夷吾舉於「士」：書生 ②「微」管仲，吾其被髮左衽矣：渺小
③自反而不「縮」，雖褐寬博，吾不憚焉：節儉 ④邦無道，「穀」，恥也。：俸祿

【2】5.《論語·學而》：「不患人之不己知，患不知人也。」關於其涵義，下列敘述何者正確？

- ①憂慮別人不知自己 ②憂慮自己不知別人
③憂慮人與人之間相知之難 ④憂慮自己無法知人且知己

【1】6.《詩經·邶風·七月》：「女執懿筐，遵彼微行」，「微行」意謂下列何者？

- ①小路 ②大道 ③彎道 ④捷徑

【1】7.陳壽《三國志·諸葛亮傳》：「身長八尺，每自比於管仲、樂毅，時人莫之許也。」「莫之許」意謂下列何者？

- ①不以為然 ②莫不讚許 ③莫不竊喜 ④一致同意

【3】8.白居易〈琵琶行〉：「同是天涯淪落人，相逢何必曾相識。」意謂自己與琵琶婦是哪種狀態？

- ①同仇敵愾 ②同歸於盡 ③同病相憐 ④同流合汙

【1】9.王粲〈登樓賦〉：「幽幽地涉過天河懼瓠瓜之徒懸兮一个名叫彗的姑娘，畏井渫之莫食。」意謂下列何者？

- ①畏時君之不用 ②憂國家之動蕩 ③譏小人之亂政 ④歎人生之無常

【2】10.以下為一段現代詩，請依詩意，排列順序最適當的選項為下列何者？

「赤膊，無關乎瀟灑

甲、詠嘆自己的詠嘆

乙、赤足，無關乎詩意

丙、至於揮汗吟哦自己的吟哦

丁、無關乎閒愁逸致，更無關乎

走進不走進歷史」(節選自吳晟〈土〉)

- ①甲乙丙丁 ②乙丙甲丁 ③丙甲丁乙 ④丁甲丙乙

【1】11.閱讀下文，依照前後文意的連貫關係，選出「準備以一身熱情力挽狂瀾」最適合填入哪一個位置？

「大混亂的時代，通常也是人心最淪喪的時候，於是有心人挺身而出，甲。思想家提供真，宗教家布施善，藝術家貢獻美。人人能追求真，乙，則可明是非，辨黑白；丙，能追求善，則能愛人，能惡人；能追求美，則能以赤子之心，戀人之目，欣賞及讚美生命與自然的和諧。必如此，丁，人才能不淪於工具，不墜於物。」(節選自大荒〈往日情懷〉)

- ①甲 ②乙 ③丙 ④丁

【4】12.關於量詞的使用，下列何者錯誤？

- ①一陣強風 ②兩行熱淚 ③三把刀子 ④七堵臺階

【4】13.「為民喉舌」係適用於哪一種場合的題辭？

- ①壽慶 ②入營 ③退休 ④當選

【4】14.貼著「沉李浮瓜添雅興，望梅剝棗佐清談」對聯的店家，應該是下列何者？

- ①書局 ②報社 ③紡織廠 ④水果店

【2】15.關於臺灣現代散文專書與作者的配對，下列何者錯誤？

- ①《女兒紅》／簡媜 ②《雅舍小品》／陳之藩
③《開放的人生》／王鼎鈞 ④《傳統下的獨白》／李敖

【4】16.書信稱謂語關於「自稱家人」的使用，下列何者正確？

- ①「家弟」考上研究所 ②「舍姐」今秋要出國留學
③「敝兄」去年全家移民加拿大 ④「愚夫婦」今夏準備到日本旅行

【4】17.下列何者適合用於哀輓老年女喪的題辭？

- ①壯志未酬 ②哲人其萎 ③蘭摧蕙折 ④駕返瑤池

【1】18.「」中的數字，下列何者不屬於實數？

- ①凡「百」元首 ②今天下「三」分 ③「三」綱實繫命 ④「九」族無可繼者

【2】19.「纖雲弄巧，飛星傳恨，銀漢迢迢暗渡。金風玉露一相逢，便勝卻人間無數。柔情似水，佳期如夢，忍顧鵲橋歸路！兩情若是久長時，又豈在朝朝暮暮！」是描繪哪個節慶的景象？

- ①春節 ②七夕 ③元宵節 ④中秋節

【1】20.關於年紀的用法，下列何者錯誤？

- ①總角：年齡 50 歲 ②弱冠：年齡 20 歲
③荳蔻年華：年齡 13 歲 ④從心所欲：年齡 70 歲

【2】21.關於涉及法律的公文用語，下列何者正確？

- ①第九八條 ②第一百條
③處五千元以下罰金 ④科五千元以下罰鍰

【2】22.關於公文「函」的撰擬，下列敘述何者錯誤？

- ①文末首長之簽署，在敘稿時，首長職銜下僅書首長的「姓」而不書「名」
②承轉公文應摘敘來文要點，並在稿內書「照錄原文，敘至某處」等字樣
③文字敘述應達到公程式條例規定之「簡、淺、明、確」之要求
④一般而言，受文者應書寫機關團體全銜而非簡稱

【3】23.關於公文「簽」的撰擬，下列敘述何者錯誤？

- ①簽為上行文，用字應不卑不亢
②簽的「甲式」格式，係指機關內部單位簽辦案件的簽
③簽末承辦人蓋職名章時，應加寫「職」等自稱詞來表示尊敬
④簽的「乙式」，在敬陳之後，如有兩位以上的長官，排列順序位階低的放在上

【1】24.關於法律統一用字，下列敘述何者錯誤？

- ①動詞用「紀錄」；名詞用「記錄」 ②對行政機關用「申請」
③對法院用「聲請」 ④「給予」榮譽等抽象事項；「給與」實物

【2】25.關於公文用語，下列敘述何者錯誤？

- ①業經：表示已經辦理 ②當經：表示當另擇時機辦理
③迭經：表示已經辦理好幾次了 ④遵即：對首長表達已經遵照立即辦理

【請接續背面】

貳、英文【第 26-50 題，每題 2 分，共計 25 題，占 50 分】

一、字彙測驗【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【3】26. According to the U.S. Constitution, the Senate provides advice and _____ concerning the president's Supreme Court nominees.
① decent ② intent ③ consent ④ ascent
- 【2】27. My grandfather was wise, but the family usually _____ his wisdom.
① assessed ② ignored ③ cherished ④ endorsed
- 【4】28. Intellectual character is an assemblage of attributes or dispositions that _____ a person as someone capable of clear, effective thinking.
① demand ② discard ③ diminish ④ distinguish
- 【3】29. The celebrity decided to choose a _____ place for his honeymoon.
① scattered ② intervened ③ secluded ④ irritated
- 【1】30. A person who is _____ is willing to look beyond what he knows, consider new ideas, and try new things.
① open-minded ② open-ended
③ narrow-minded ④ absent-minded
- 【4】31. Teaching should be driven by a _____ to provide help for students no matter what they call for.
① participant ② passport ③ parachute ④ passion
- 【2】32. China is the world's largest coal user and producer, but has also become a leading investor in _____ forms of energy, such as solar and wind power.
① suspended ② renewable ③ irregular ④ majestic
- 【3】33. Although he confessed to the crime, he did not identify his _____.
① accordance ② insolence ③ accomplice ④ instinct
- 【1】34. Presidential _____ must perform well in television debates.
① candidates ② elections ③ polls ④ rallies
- 【1】35. Over the last few years, however, the terrorist threat has _____ into a new phase.
① evolved ② involved ③ dissolved ④ resolved

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】36. Changes were happening everywhere. People wanted to have their voices _____.
① hearing ② to hear ③ hear ④ heard
- 【2】37. Colleges and universities are increasing graduation rates across the board for all races, but many of them aren't making a dent when it comes to _____ the graduation gap between white students and underrepresented minorities.
① close ② closing ③ closed ④ closes
- 【4】38. Nurses are paid _____ than doctors, even though nurses have the primary responsibility for daily patient care.
① much fewer ② more less ③ fewer ④ much less
- 【2】39. Only by stopping the use of their smartphones in class _____ more academically successful.
① students can become ② can students become
③ students become ④ students became
- 【4】40. No matter what you need or feel you lack in your life, _____ you really need is faith, love and passion.
① when ② that ③ which ④ what

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

People are turned off by those who are desperate for attention. Confident people know that 41 yourself is much more effective than trying to prove that you're important. People catch on to your attitude quickly and are more attracted to the right attitude 42 what, or how many, people you know. Confident people always seem to bring the right attitude.

Confident people are masters of attention diffusion. When they're receiving attention for an 43, they quickly shift the focus to all the people who worked hard to help get them there. They don't 44 approval or praise because they draw their self-worth from within.

In 45, confident people aren't afraid to be proven wrong. They like putting their opinions out there to see if they hold up because they learn a lot from the times they are wrong and other people learn from them when they're right. Self-assured people know what they are capable of and don't treat being wrong as a personal slight.

- 【1】41. ① being ② as ③ be ④ having
【3】42. ① from ② then ③ than ④ of
【4】43. ① imitation ② obstacle ③ extension ④ accomplishment
【1】44. ① crave ② determine ③ acquire ④ explore
【2】45. ① case ② addition ③ relation ④ sum

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

Alcoholism is a disease that requires medical treatment, and it is increasingly common. It cuts across all age, class, and social strata. Contrary to stereotype, few alcoholics are skid row bums. Most are employed, married, respectable people; women are as vulnerable as men. Approximately seven percent of the population, or ten percent of all drinkers, are alcoholics.

Dr. E. M. Jellinek, a leading researcher into alcoholism, divides the development of alcoholism into four stages: (1) the pre-alcoholic phase, (2) the prodromal phase, (3) the crucial phase, and (4) the chronic phase. Perhaps most important for our purposes here is the pre-alcoholic phase, for it is hoped that some potential alcoholics, recognizing the early warning signals of alcoholism, will seek counseling or other help in time to prevent serious onset of the illness.

Some symptoms of the pre-alcoholic phase are (a) drinking used as a mechanism to escape from problems; (b) drinking used to **bolster** courage, as before a test or job interview; (c) development of an increased tolerance for alcohol. There may also be (d) feelings of guilt associated with drinking or feelings of urgency connected with downing the first few drinks. These last two symptoms, however, may not appear until the prodromal phase.

- 【4】46. According to the article, which of the following is true?
① Alcoholism can be found only in poor people. ② Alcoholics are usually unemployed.
③ Women are usually free from alcoholism. ④ Alcoholism is found almost in all social levels.
- 【3】47. What is the main purpose of this article?
① To encourage alcoholics to quit immediately.
② To offer some advice to the alcoholics to be respectable people.
③ To remind some potential alcoholics to seek help to avoid possible severe disease
④ To point out the stages of the development of alcoholism.
- 【2】48. The word "**bolster**" in the third paragraph means most nearly the same as which of the following?
① weaken ② strengthen ③ betray ④ strike
- 【3】49. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the symptoms of the pre-alcoholic phase?
① drinking to escape from problems ② drinking to be brave
③ feeling satisfied after drinking ④ developing an increased tolerance for alcohol
- 【1】50. Which of the following may probably appear until the prodromal phase?
① feeling guilty associated with drinking ② drinking to escape from problems
③ drinking when facing an interview ④ seeking counseling for quitting drinking