代號:2401 頁次:4-1

107年公務人員特種考試警察人員、一般警察人員考試及107年特種考試交通事業鐵路人員考試試題

考	試 別:一般警察	.人負考試			
等	別:四等考試	: u			
類	科 別:各類別				
科	目:英文				
考言	试時間:1小時			座號:	
※ 注	E意:(→)本試題為單一 (二)共 50 題,每是 (三)禁止使用電子	題2分,須用 <u>2B鉛筆</u> 在試	或最適當的 <u>答案,複選</u> 作 法上依題號 <u>清楚</u> 劃記,於	答者,該題 <u>不予計分</u> 。 本試題上作答者,不予計分。	
1	He dislikes me, and I l	oathe him. The feeling of r	esentment between us is	·	
	(A)regular	(B)wrecked	(C) mutual	(D) blurry	
2	According to research	, children under 12 are no	enough to recog	nize dangers and risks. That's w	hy
	they cannot be left alo	ne without the company of	adults.		
	(A)mature	(B)qualified	(C) accurate	(D) aggressive	
3	Negotiators must atter	npt to probe below the	of their opponent's pos	sition to discover underlying need	s.
	(A)surface	(B) ground	(C)reason	(D)purpose	
4	No mammal, other tha	an mammals such	as whales, was previously l	known to travel such great distance	ces
	to breed.				
	(A)amphibian	(B)nocturnal	(C) vegetarian	(D) marine	
5	Emily's father has	of what can be hap	ppening as a police officia	l in order to persuade Emily fro	om
	becoming such one.				
	(A)not spared her the d	etails	(B) denied her efforts		
	(C)belittled her achieve	ement	(D)congratulated her		
6	Short of fresh food usi	ually happens to many poor	families, so eating	, becomes their only choice.	
	(A)hangover	(B)take-out	(C)left-over	(D)hanging-in	
7	After a strong 7.8 ear	thquake in Ecuador, dozen	s of climbed on to	the rubble and sift through brok	en
		ever belongings remain into	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C	
	(A)ancestors	(B)innovators	(C)residents	(D)treasurers	
8	Education is a priority	in Asian countries. Most s	students face unive	ersity entrance exams to be accept	ted
	into prestigious univer			1	
	(A)competent	(B)comfortable	(C)complete	(D)competitive	
9	•		*	federal minimum wage	to
		p from the current \$7.25.	1 6		
	(A)boost	(B)decrease	(C)revoke	(D)veto	
10		talking about the future of I	Europe, yet none seems able	to offer a clear .	
	(A)fashion	(B)hobby	(C)melody	(D) vision	
11		•	•	benefits, as working animals	or
	as sources of food.		1		
	(A)compatible	(B)edible	(C)tangible	(D)utilitarian	
12	-		nt in any act of by		
	(A)generosity		(C)mischief	(D)courtesy	
13	•	* *		d who shares your joy in the go	od
-	times.		<u> </u>		
	(A)sorrow	(B)relationship	(C) shelter	(D) company	
14		•		chooses to parents inste	ad
•		job or enrolling in training		F	
	(A)let down	(B) live off	(C)pick up	(D)bring about	
			. I	\mathcal{L}	

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15	Jimmy his courag	e, walked toward the girl, an	d asked for her phone numb	er.
	(A)stood for	(B)took after	(C)plucked up	(D) saw through
16	The building when	n the quake hit and several p	eople were killed.	
	(A)collided	(B)collapsed	(C)collected	(D)constructed
請依	下文回答第 17 題至第 19 是	題:		
	The imaginative worlds prese	nted in science fiction may no	ot be so far-fetched as readers	s think they are17 Mary
Shell	y completed Frankenstein	in 1818, science fiction ha	as been the precursor of no	ew scientific discoveries and
inver	ntions. Robots, organ trans	splants, space travel, and	other scientific invention	s 18 considered wild
imag	ination are now realities. Wi	ll all those odd-looking spec	ies we see in the movie serie	es Star Wars be actually found
some	where in a remote corner of	of the universe? Will there	be 19 one day launch	ning attacks from the skies to
destr	oy human beings or will the	y knock on our doors to say	hello? Will human beings	eventually scatter the universe
with	space colonies? Or can we	travel to and fro freely bety	veen the past and the future	with a time machine? All of
these	questions are still waiting to	be answered with the passi	ng of time.	
17	(A)Even when	(B)Ever since	(C)Even though	(D)Ever after
18	(A)once	(B)never	(C) to be	(D)always
19	(A)territories	(B)galaxies	(C) shuttles	(D)aliens
請依	下文回答第 20 題至第 23 是	題:		
	To be healthy, people need	to have a balanced diet. T	hat is why we need to eat	a variety of foods to give us
the	20 carbohydrates, prote	eins, fats, minerals, and vitar	nins we need.	
	Vegetables, containing a gre	eat deal of water, are an exce	ellent <u>21</u> of vitamins	and minerals. Vegetables also
provi	de fiber, which helps our dig	gestive systems to function p	roperly. Most vegetables con	ntain very little fat.
	When vegetables are overco	oked, the minerals and vitan	nins in them are <u>22</u> . V	egetables that are 23 or
light	y cooked are more nutritious	s than those that are cooked:	for a long time.	
20	(A)anxious	(B)essential	(C)delicious	(D)unusual
21	(A)cause	(B)kind	(C)outcome	(D)source
22	(A)increased	(B)lost	(C)released	(D)produced
23	(A)frozen	(B)delicious	(C)ripe	(D)raw
請依	下文回答第 24 題至第 27 昂	題:		
	Barbie dolls have been	part of the American cu	lture since they were fir	st sold in 1959. Aimed at
six-to	o-nine-year-old girls, Barbie	is made by Mattel. The con	mpany has sold more than a	billion dolls worldwide. The
Barb	ie line includes Malibu Barl	bie, Babysitter Barbie, and	Wedding Barbie. Every yea	r a new Barbie arrives on the
mark	et. But anyone can make a	mistake, 24 Mattel sh	nows. The company introdu	ced a 25 of Barbie that
they	said would be "every moth	er's nightmare." Butterfly	Art Barbie came with a bu	itterfly tattoo on its stomach
and	a set of temporary transfer t	tattoos for the owner. A Ma	ttel spokesperson said, "No	wadays, tattoos are classed as
art."	Although the company ackr	nowledged that the new toy	might inspire young girls to	want real tattoos, it argued it
was	only <u>26</u> fashion. The s	spokesperson said, "Ask any	y cool girl, and she'll tell y	ou that tattoos are one of the
latesi	fashion crazes." Mattel wa	s right about one thing. Par	ents were <u>27</u> . And the	e company took Butterfly Art
Barb	ie off the market.			
24	(A)as	(B)for	(C) since	(D)until
25	(A)piece	(B)case	(C) version	(D)token
26	(A)standing up to	(B)letting go of	(C) giving up on	(D)keeping up with
27	(A)hospitable	(B)puzzled	(C) supportive	(D) furious

請依下文回答第28 題至第31 題:

The beautiful scenery and amazing creatures found below the waves are what draw most divers to the ocean. Some divers take up photography as a hobby. Diving magazines have been known to buy photographs of rare sea life from regular divers.

Above the surface, hired boats take tourists on whale watching trips. Whale watching during the right season allows people to see not only a variety of whale species, but seals and other sea animals as well. Some of the more eager watchers may even travel hundreds of miles to follow the paths of individual whales. Meanwhile, bird watchers work hard to discover new bird species. Serious bird watchers bring along their life lists, in which they record every species of bird that they have seen in the wild. Like whale watchers, "birders" sometimes hop continents on their mission to add new species to their lists.

Collecting parts of animals is a common hobby. While buying or selling ivory is illegal, it can be made into profitable items such as chess sets, piano keys, and jewelry. Animal skins and furs and entire stuffed animals are often found at homes as decorating items. And the hobby of butterfly collecting is one of the oldest in the world. Russian author Vladimir Nabokov was known for his life-long passion for collecting butterflies. The world's largest collection is found in Costa Rica, a nation with more butterfly species than the entire Africa.

28	What is this passage	e mainly about?				
	(A) Animal lovers' e	fforts to protect rare species.	(B) Making money by	watching and selling animals.		
	(C)The land and sea	animals that people like most.	(D) The popular activities among animal lovers.			
29	If you were a butter	fly expert, which of the following p	laces would you recom	mend to a butterfly lover?		
	(A) America.	(B)Russia.	(C)Costa Rica.	(D) Africa.		
30	If you are a regular	diver, you would probably				
	(A)hire boats and tal	ke tourists to watch whales	(B) take plenty of pictu	ares and sell them to magazines		
	(C)track down the p	aths of individual whales	(D) check the life list o	of sea animals every year		
31	Why are some "bird	lers" traveling far away from home	?			
	(A)To watch a large	r number of birds.	(B)To find a greater n	umber of bird species.		
	(C)To bring along m	ore bird life lists.	(D)To hop from contin	nent to continent.		
請依	下文回答第 32 題至	第 35 題:				

Recent researches have shown that how you breathe can tell you how relaxed or how tense you are. So if you want to keep a tranquil mind and not to feel anxious all the time, you should pay attention to your breathing. For example, when you are calm, your breathing is deep and steady. Your breath mainly comes from the stomach, not the chest. But when you are nervous, excited, or under pressure, your breathing changes. It becomes shallow and ragged; that is, it is short and quick. It comes mainly from the chest or throat. Sometimes, when upset, you may even catch yourself holding your breath without knowing it. Or you may exhale more quickly than you inhale. So whenever you want to calm down, try to breathe to a **rhythm**. Inhale to the count of three; exhale to the count of four. Then get in the habit of checking your breathing from time to time to make sure you stay relaxed and at your best.

What is the best title for this passage? (A) How to Hold Your Breath (B) Why Your Breathing Changes (C) The Habit of Checking Your Breathing (D) Breathing and the State of Your Emotion When you feel relaxed, which of the following statements about your breathing is true? 33 (A) It is quick and short. (B) It is deep and steady. (C) You exhale more quickly than you inhale. (D) Your breath comes mainly from your chest. 34 Which of the following best explains the word "rhythm" in this passage? (A)A regular movement of body in dancing. (B) A regular pattern of sound in poetry. (C) A regular pattern of sound in music. (D) A regular flow of air in breathing. According to this passage, which of the following statements is NOT true when you are angry? (A) You may breathe out air faster than you breathe in. (B) You may calm down by checking your breathing.

(D) You may hold your breath without knowing it.

(C) You may inhale more quickly than you exhale.

(D) the warm water

請依下文回答第36題至第40題:

If you pull on a door handle, the door opens. If you sit on a bed, the springs in the mattress compress and, <u>36</u> of
the compression, exert an upward force on you. We know from experiences that some sort of force is to do
these jobs. There are two basic classes of forces, 38 whether the agent touches the object or not. Contact forces
are forces that act on an object by touching it at a point of contact. The majority of forces are contact forces.
Long-range forces are forces that act on an object physical contact. Magnetism is an example of a long-range
force. You have undoubtedly held a magnet40 a paper clip and seen the paper clip leap up to the magnet. A
coffee cup released from your hand is pulled to the earth by the long-range force of gravity.

36	(A) as a consequence	(B) at the expense	(C) on the verge	(D) for a change
37	(A)purchased	(B)landed	(C)required	(D)equated
38	(A)referring to	(B)depending on	(C) looking into	(D) tearing from
39	(A) without	(B)against	(C)towards	(D)through
40	(A)beneath	(B) within	(C)through	(D)over

請依下文回答第 41 題至第 45 題:

Small businesses are common in many countries and are operated by many young entrepreneurs around the world. Although they don't have deep pockets to 41, small businesses have certain advantages over large companies.

First of all, small businesses are easy to start because it doesn't require a large amount of capital to 42 them. This is particularly helpful to those entering the field of business with limited resources.

Secondly, a small firm can provide dedicated products or services 43 the specific demands of its customers. For example, a small shop can offer custom-made products that are not available in large chain stores. A small business's ability to meet the true needs of the consumer is much higher than it is with big companies.

Finally, operating a small business allows the owner to 44 of his/her labor. The owner has the sole right to the profits earned. He is not required to divide it with co-owners (shareholders) as 45 many bigger businesses. A small business's owner is his own boss.

41	(A)cut corners	(B) weather storm	(C) face the music	(D)climb the ladder
42	(A)run	(B)bear	(C)cost	(D)guide
43	(A)brought out	(B)called upon	(C)refrained from	(D)tailored to
44	(A)take the floor	(B)pick up speed	(C) make both ends meet	(D)reap all the fruits
45	(A) by the name of	(B) by the contrary of	(C) in the case of	(D) for the sake of
請依	下文回答第 46 題至第 50 }	題:		

El Niño is coming and people in every part of the world are getting worried. El Niño is a mysterious weather pattern. It begins about every four years with a sudden warming of the eastern Pacific Ocean along the equator.

El Niño is caused by changes in air movements. These changes disrupt ocean currents. The warm water in the Pacific Ocean moves south along the west coast of South America. It makes the cold water off the coast of Peru and Ecuador warmer. The warming of the ocean water kills many fish, sea animals, and sea birds. But El Niño's effects are not limited to the local area. The warming of the ocean affects weather patterns throughout the world.

El Niño is a Spanish term. It means "the male child" and usually refers to the baby Jesus. Fishermen in Peru began calling the strange weather event El Niño because it usually arrived around Christmas time. Today the term El Niño is only used when the weather event is big enough and warm enough to bring worldwide effects.

According to this passage, how often does El Niño occur?

(B) every three years (D) every five years (A) every two years (C) every four years 47 According to this passage, where does El Niño occur originally? (A) North America (B) South America (C)Spain (D)Belgium 48 According to this passage, what does the term *El Niño* mean in Spanish?

(A) the cold weather (B) the equator (C) the male child 49

According to this passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?

- (A)Only the Spanish are worried about El Niño.
- (B)El Niño usually arrives in summer.
- (C)El Niño is caused by the cooling of ocean waters.
- (D) Today the term El Niño is used only when it has global effects.
- 50 According to this passage, who first used the term El Niño to refer to the strange weather pattern?

(A) fishermen (D) technicians (B)linguists (C) scientists

測驗式試題標準答案

考試名稱: 107年公務人員特種考試警察人員、一般警察人員考試及107年特種考試交通事業鐵

路人員考試

類科名稱: 水上警察人員輪機組、消防警察人員、水上警察人員航海組、行政警察人員

英文(試題代號:2401) 科目名稱:

單選題數:50題 單選每題配分:2.00分

複選題數: 複選每題配分:

標準答案:

題號	第1題	第2題	第3題	第4題	第5題	第6題	第7題	第8題	第9題	第10題
答案	С	A	A	D	A	С	С	D	A	D
題號	第11題	第12題	第13題	第14題	第15題	第16題	第17題	第18題	第19題	第20題
答案	D	С	D	В	С	В	В	A	D	В
題號	第21題	第22題	第23題	第24題	第25題	第26題	第27題	第28題	第29題	第30題
答案	D	В	D	A	С	D	D	D	С	В
題號	第31題	第32題	第33題	第34題	第35題	第36題	第37題	第38題	第39題	第40題
答案	В	D	В	D	С	A	С	В	A	D
題號	第41題	第42題	第43題	第44題	第45題	第46題	第47題	第48題	第49題	第50題
答案	В	A	D	D	С	С	В	С	D	A
題號	第51題	第52題	第53題	第54題	第55題	第56題	第57題	第58題	第59題	第60題
答案										
題號	第61題	第62題	第63題	第64題	第65題	第66題	第67題	第68題	第69題	第70題
答案										
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題號	第91題	第92題	第93題	第94題	第95題	第96題	第97題	第98題	第99題	第100題
答案										

備 註: