

107年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及外交行政人員、
國際經濟商務人員、民航人員及原住民族考試試題

考試別：外交人員考試
等別：四等考試
類科組：外交行政人員各組
科目：英文
考試時間：1小時30分

座號：_____

※注意：禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分：(50分)

- (一)不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上，於本試題上作答者，不予計分。
(二)請以黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

一、英譯中：請將下列英文翻譯成中文。(20分)

Turkey has initiated a dispute complaint with the World Trade Organization (WTO) against the United States for imposing additional tariffs on steel and aluminum imports from Turkey. The WTO says Turkey requested dispute consultations on Monday on claims that the doubling of duties on steel and aluminum was inconsistent with international trade rules. The US has doubled the tariffs in response to Turkey's rejection of a request to release an American pastor detained for the past 2 years for alleged involvement in an abortive military coup. Turkey has retaliated by imposing tariffs on American products. As the rift deepens between the two North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) allies, anxiety is rising over Turkey's economic uncertainty.

二、中譯英：請將下列中文翻譯成英文。

- (一)每個獨裁者都知道，通貨膨脹可能會帶來生存危機，它會侵蝕對公眾的執政合法性，激怒期待得到回報的權貴階層。經選舉產生的領導人大多數時候只是下台而已，但專制國家卻更有可能出現徹底崩潰。1989年，被通膨激怒的中國工人加入了理想主義學生的抗議行列，政府的回應行動，則是現代最為血腥的一次鎮壓。(15分)
- (二)在今年夏天的多重熱浪襲擊下，連海洋溫度都不斷打破紀錄。研究發現，在1982年到2016年間，「海洋熱浪」發生的次數大概成長了一倍，並且很有可能隨著地球暖化變得更為常見且劇烈。海洋中極端高溫的時間一旦延長，就會對珊瑚礁造成破壞，進而傷害魚類和其他海洋生物。(15分)

乙、測驗題部分：(50分)

代號：4201

(一)本測驗試題為單一選擇題，請選出一個正確或最適當的答案，複選作答者，該題不予計分。

(二)共25題，每題2分，須用2B鉛筆在試卡上依題號清楚劃記，於本試題或申論試卷上作答者，不予計分。

- 1 His irritative jokes _____ everyone in the office. Now, no one wants to talk to him.
(A)motivated (B)stimulated (C)activated (D)infuriated
- 2 An Iranian-born mathematician has become the first woman to win a _____ Fields Medal, widely viewed as the Nobel Prize of mathematics.
(A)comprehensive (B)feasible (C)prestigious (D)simultaneous
- 3 Mozart was a great composer and _____ musician from a very young age. He could compose music when he was only five.
(A)controversial (B)distractive (C)retarded (D)talented
- 4 Of the 800,000 tons of wheat the country imported, about 260,000 tons, _____ one-third of it, was from Australia.
(A)approximately (B)appropriately (C)externally (D)incidentally

請依下文回答第5題至第7題

Intimacy is key in a world of connections where individuals negotiate complex networks of friendship, try to reach 5, and avoid the appearance of superiority. However, in a world of status, independence is key, because a primary means of establishing status is to tell others what to do, and taking orders is a 6 of low status. 7 all humans need both intimacy and independence, women tend to focus on the first, and men on the second. It is as if their lifeblood ran in different directions.

- 5 (A)a consensus (B)a negotiation (C)a fortune (D)a destination
- 6 (A)a winner (B)a marker (C)a maker (D)a loser
- 7 (A)However (B)Thus (C)If (D)Although
- 8 Water and air are _____ to our lives. We cannot live without them.
(A)efficient (B)superficial (C)essential (D)superfluous
- 9 Be sure to be _____ at the interview. It gives a very good first impression.
(A)virtual (B)perpetual (C)visual (D)punctual

請依下文回答第10題至第13題

Lateness is often overlooked as an endearing cultural trait in Latin America. Weddings, funerals, meals, and business meetings rarely begin on time. It is even considered rude to be on time for a party. But Peru's government says it's not too late for an attitude 10. It has announced a campaign to fight lateness, saying it reflects a negative attitude toward work and hurts national productivity. But the government still has not 11 how to get 27 million Peruvians to keep an eye on their watches. It says the details will come "tomorrow, tomorrow," and it's considering ringing church bells and sounding sirens. The campaign, scheduled to begin along with the academic year, 12 to urge schools, businesses, and government institutions to end their generations-old custom of arriving "Peruvian time," which usually means an hour late.

Some Peruvians, like Alicia Lorenzo, 49, cannot afford to be late. She said she arrives at 6 a.m. "on the dot" every day to open the snack kiosk she has run for 30 years to be able to receive scheduled deliveries and have items to sell. Asked 13 she believes the punctuality campaign will work, she said, "It depends on the government. They have to set the example."

- 10 (A)appointment (B)adjustment (C)accomplishment (D)arrangement
- 11 (A)set out (B)come out (C)picked out (D)worked out
- 12 (A)aims (B)aiming (C)aimed (D)to aim
- 13 (A)if (B)how (C)what (D)that

請依下文回答第 14 題至第 18 題

Because athletes and coaches are focused on winning no matter what the cost is, cheating has become more common in sports. Of course, there are rules to penalize cheating, so players and coaches have come up with ingenious ways to get around the rules. Getting a competitive edge, even unfairly, is seen as a “strategy” rather than cheating. Illegal acts are now even being accepted as part of the game. They have found loopholes in rules that allow them to cheat in order to get an advantage over opponents. This kind of cheating is called “normative cheating.” One example of this kind of cheating is when a player pretends to be fouled in order to get a free foul shot during a game. Or a team might set the heat very high in the opponent’s locker room to make players on that team sluggish during the game. Some sports have also encouraged hitting or tackling other players very hard to make those players drop the ball or poorly execute a play.

The “winning-at-all-costs” philosophy of sports today has had an adverse effect on athletes. Recent research has shown that participation in sports actually blocks the normal development of moral reasoning in athletes. In a study of 10,000 athletes in both high school and college, it was found that athletes in general scored lower on tests of moral development than non-athletes. Additionally, male athletes scored lower than female ones. And worst of all, the longer athletes participated in sports, the lower their moral reasoning scores on the test.

- 14 What is the passage mainly about?
- (A)The cause and effect of cheating in sports. (B)Penalty rules against cheating.
(C)How to win a competition. (D)Moral reasoning scores of athletes.
- 15 What does “normative cheating” in the first paragraph mean?
- (A)Cheating by normal people. (B)Cheating by breaking the rules.
(C)Cheating that is easily noticed by the opponents. (D)Cheating that creates an advantage within the rules.
- 16 Which of the following is an example of normative cheating?
- (A)To hit a referee so hard that he can’t do his job well.
(B)To act as if you have been hit illegally by an opponent.
(C)To lock the opponents in their locker room.
(D)To attack an opponent and be noticed by the referee.
- 17 What does “adverse” in the second paragraph mean?
- (A)Limited. (B)Negative. (C)Progressive. (D)Significant.
- 18 What was the major finding of the study of 10,000 athletes?
- (A)Athletes see themselves as more morally conscious.
(B)Male athletes have a stronger sense of morality than female ones.
(C)Athletes have difficulty judging what is morally right or wrong.
(D)Longer participation in sports makes people morally strong.

請依下文回答第 19 題至第 23 題

I just looked in the mirror, and I saw an overweight woman looking back at me. Who is she? Is that really me? I am sad to say I am one of the many Americans who do not do enough physical activity.

Physical activity includes doing things like housework and walking the dog. It also includes doing exercise, such as playing tennis and going to the gym. A government report says that only 1 in 10 Americans does a lot of physical exercise. 3 in 10 Americans do very little and 4 in 10 Americans do no activity at all. I am one of the Americans who do very little physical activity.

We have to make more time to work our bodies. Because most Americans don't do enough physical activity, they are in danger of having health problems. We are gaining weight because of too little physical activity. We also eat too many high-calorie foods. That's a horrible fact.

We really have to get up and get busy! I'm not a couch potato, but my friend Joey is. His idea of exercise is sitting on the sofa, lifting soda cans and potato chips to his mouth while watching other people exercise on TV. I'm not that bad, but I've decided Joey and I are going to change.

- 19 What is this passage mainly about?
- (A)The crisis of a middle-aged woman. (B)The importance of physical exercise.
(C)Too many couch potatoes in America. (D)The danger of having health problems.
- 20 Which of the following is NOT physical exercise?
- (A)Doing online shopping. (B)Going to the gym. (C)Walking the dog. (D)Playing table tennis.
- 21 According to the government report, which group does the author belong to?
- (A)1 in 10 Americans. (B)2 in 10 Americans. (C)3 in 10 Americans. (D)4 in 10 Americans.
- 22 According to his idea of exercise, which of the following is NOT what Joey probably does?
- (A)Lying on the couch. (B)Putting snacks into his mouth.
(C)Exercising while watching TV. (D)Watching sports programs on TV.
- 23 Which of the following statements is NOT true?
- (A)Most Americans are in danger of having health problems.
(B)Joey, like the other 40% of Americans, does no exercise at all.
(C)People become overweight because of too little physical activity.
(D)Joey is a couch potato because he likes to eat a lot of potato chips.
- 24 The countries have agreed on strengthening co-operation in order to _____ the economic crisis by joint effort.
- (A)involve (B)resolve (C)modify (D)sustain
- 25 According to the witness, two guys in their early twenties _____ the old lady trying to rob her of her handbag.
- (A)escorted (B)converted (C)assaulted (D)navigated

測驗式試題標準答案

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類科名稱：外交行政人員資訊組、外交行政人員行政組

科目名稱：英文（試題代號：4201）

單選題數：25題

單選每題配分：2.00分

複選題數：

複選每題配分：

標準答案：

題號	第1題	第2題	第3題	第4題	第5題	第6題	第7題	第8題	第9題	第10題
答案	D	C	D	A	A	B	D	C	D	B

題號	第11題	第12題	第13題	第14題	第15題	第16題	第17題	第18題	第19題	第20題
答案	D	A	A	A	D	B	B	C	B	A

題號	第21題	第22題	第23題	第24題	第25題	第26題	第27題	第28題	第29題	第30題
答案	C	C	D	B	C					

題號	第31題	第32題	第33題	第34題	第35題	第36題	第37題	第38題	第39題	第40題
答案										

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答案										

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答案										

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答案										

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備註：