代號:3401 頁次:4-1

110年公務人員特種考試警察人員、一般警察人員、 國家安全局國家安全情報人員考試及110年特種考試 交通事業鐵路人員、退除役軍人轉任公務人員考試試題

等類	試 別:一般警察/ 別:四等考試 科組別:各類別 目:英文	し員考試							
考言	試時間:1小時			座號:					
※ 注	E意:(一)本試題為單一並 (二)本科目共50題, (三)禁止使用電子計	每題2分,須用 2B 鉛筆在	崔或最適當的 <u>答案</u> ,複選 試卡上依題號 <u>清楚</u> 劃記,方	整作答者,該題 <u>不予計分</u> 。 於本試題上作答者,不予計分。					
1	Traffic will be through the side streets while the main road is resurfaced.								
	(A) diverted	(B) evoked	(C) loathed	(D) persisted					
2	This brandname bag is m	nade of leather, so it is	rritates the activists for anim	nal rights.					
	(A) genesis	(B) genuine	(C) genius	(D) genetic					
3	The Nobel Prize is	_ annually for achievements	in the fields of physics, che	emistry, medicine, literature, peace					
	and economics.								
	(A) awarded	(B) rewarded	(C) forwarded	(D) indebted					
4	The prices of vegetables	and fruits according	to the season.						
	(A) float	(B) forward	(C) fluctuate	(D) facilitate					
5	The Ganges in India is considered the world's most river, where the spirit of Goddess Ganga lives and p								
	can wash away their sins	3.							
	(A) allergic	(B) corrupted	(C) immune	(D) sacred					
6	A new study demonstrate	es how and lack of sle	eep can have severe impacts	on patients with chronic diseases.					
	(A) fatigue	(B) facility	(C) fluency	(D) freight					
7	Despite competiti	on, the athlete made a gallar	nt effort to win the first med	al of the championships.					
	(A) fierce	(B) hasty	(C) petite	(D) scarce					
8	His long experience at the	ne stock market makes him _	to the department at the	he bank.					
	(A) indivisible	(B) individualistic	(C) indispensable	(D) inexplicable					
9	The mother's heart beat	when she was told ab	out her son's traffic acciden	ıt.					
	(A) illegally	(B) logically	(C) uselessly	(D) violently					
10	People's panic continued	l to as more and more	e people were infected with	the unknown disease.					
	(A) concern	(B) escalate	(C) interact	(D) refrain					
11	These two companies de	cided to their busines	s relationship between then	n for better cooperation.					
	(A) intensify	(B) pacify	(C) overtake	(D) acquaint					

代號:3401 頁次:4-2

/ * *							
(A)	optional	(B) proficient	(C) eligible	(D) courteous			
13 Pu	ippies need something t	o on when they begin	n teething so that their teeth	can develop healthily.			
(A)	pebble	(B) nibble	(C) bubble	(D) gobble			
14 Tr	aveling alone in Europe	e was a experience for	or Eric; it changed his life an	nd the way he saw himself.			
(A)	transformative	(B) confidential	(C) submissive	(D) premature			
15 Th	ne number of homeless j	people is due to the o	continuing economic downt	urn.			
(A)	dissolving	(B) flicking	(C) surging	(D) declining			
16 In	of St. Patrick's	Day, many restaurants will	offer green food or drinks,	or even ask their staff to dress in			
gre	een.						
(A)	terms	(B) place	(C) honor	(D) lieu			
17 Yo	ou will get nowhere if ye	ou do nothing but ev	eryone around you all the ti	ime.			
(A)	criticize	(B) praise	(C) encourage	(D) undertake			
18 Jai	mes was under the weat	ther this morning, so he wer	nt to a(n) downtown.				
(A)	agency	(B) clinic	(C) department	(D) concert			
19 In	the aftermath of the vol	lcanic, the authoritie	s raised the volcanic alert le	evel to four.			
(A)	eruption	(B) evolution	(C) execution	(D) expedition			
20 Du	ue to the pandemic of C	OVID-19, people should no	ow be well aware of the way	ys to avoid getting diseases.			
(A)	curable	(B) conventional	(C) considerable	(D) contagious			
21 Al	ll applicants for this pos	ition are supposed to submi	it their to the personr	nel office by next Monday.			
(A)	emporia	(B) ensembles	(C) consignments	(D) credentials			
22 Te	eddy is a person;	he always has his own way	and seldom takes others' ac	dvice.			
(A)	modest	(B) stubborn	(C) reliable	(D) sincere			
23 Th	ne audience is required t	to keep absolutely silent wh	ile the band is on sta	ige.			
(A)	boycotting	(B) graduating	(C) performing	(D) scratching			
24 If	you like writing long st	ories very much, you may c	consider being a(n) a	s your profession.			
(A)	accountant	(B) performer	(C) novelist	(D) illustrator			
25 Be	efore making any decisi	ons, one should out a	all possibilities.				
(A)	wait	(B) weigh	(C) wear	(D) wane			
26 Th	ne former mayor admitt	ed his drinking problem an	d announced he would	from public life while seeking			
me	edical treatment.						
(A)	withdraw	(B) release	(C) conceal	(D) decline			
27 Th	nis chemical is common	ly used to make explosives	to rocks in mining in	ndustries.			
(A)	blast	(B) clasp	(C) erupt	(D) perch			
28 Ar	n organization was est	ablished to examine the re	elationship between	students and suicide to prevent			
	self-harm among the talented youngsters.						
(A)	gifted	(B) poetic	(C) allergic	(D) faithful			
		ready to deal with flo	•				
	airliners	(B) casualties	(C) wreckages	(D) fragments			
30 Th	ne new environmental p	olicy will place a lot of	· ·				
	emphasis	(B) tension	(C) emission	(D) tendency			

請依	下文回答第31題至第35	5題:		
	How many times has your	heart sunk after dropping yo	our smartphone and worryin	g if you smashed the glass? There
may	be an answer to reduce th	at feeling. The glass 31	_ to make the screens on	many of the world's smartphones
just	got tougher. The company	that makes the glass has jus	st made a stronger <u>32</u> .	It is called Gorilla Glass and has
been	used in smartphones for	many years. The company	has greatly improved the g	glass to make it more 33 to
scrat	ch, crack, or smash. The ne	ew product can 34 dro	pps of up to two meters with	out any signs of damage. It is also
two	times more scratch- 35	than other glass. The glass	s was first used on products	by a leading company.
31	(A) is used	(B) has used	(C) was using	(D) used
32	(A) version	(B) extension	(C) admission	(D) caution
33	(A) precious	(B) difficult	(C) efficient	(D) instant
34	(A) survive	(B) destroy	(C) support	(D) collect
35	(A) convenient	(B) destructive	(C) resistant	(D) hesitant
請依	下文回答第36題至第40)題:		
	Smartphones are small de	evices constantly online ser	nding and receiving signals	s, so they are always a target for
crim	inals. To protect your sma	rtphone from hackers and	36, set a long passcoo	de with both numbers and letters.
Cons	sider using fingerprint scar	nning or face ID, 37 g	gives an even more persona	lized security blanket. Avoid free
publ	ic Wi-Fi. Use only your pr	rivate cell connection and _	38 Wi-Fi on your mol	pile phone whenever you are in a
publ	ic place. Besides, avoid sh	naring a ton of revealing in	nformation about yourself	on social networks. Avoid listing
spec	ific addresses, work locatio	ns, phone numbers, family n	names, and other details hacl	kers can use to track you. <u>39</u>
don'	t store personal information	n, documents, or files on yo	our phone, and limit the nur	mber of geotagged photos in your
Cam	era Roll. Eliminate 40	_ emails from financial and	d work-related accounts. Al	lso, make a habit of keeping your
phor	ne relatively pristine by offl	loading images and docume	nts to your computer.	
36	(A) advocates	(B) counterparts	(C) intruders	(D) vendors
37	(A) it	(B) that	(C) this	(D) which
38	(A) switch on	(B) switch off	(C) turn up	(D) turn down
39	(A) Furthermore	(B) However	(C) For example	(D) On the other hand
40	(A) ambigious	(B) confidential	(C) disciplinary	(D) inherent
請依	下文回答第 41 題至第 45	5題:		
	Carol Dweck suggests that	t most people's brains can b	be described as having a fix	ed or a growth mindset. Someone
with	a fixed mindset avoids ne	w challenges 41 fear	of failure, whilst someone	with a growth mindset sees new
prob	lems in everyday life as _	42 to be seized and em	abraced as part of a wider l	earning experience. Those with a
fixed	l mindset claim that skills	and abilities are 43, b	ut Dweck argues that most	successful people tend to have a
grow	th mindset and an ongoin	ng desire to learn and deve	elop personally throughout	their life. 44 aware of our
resis	tance to change, it is possil	ble to train ourselves to ove	rcome this resistance and e	xpose ourselves to new activities.
Put y	yourself out of your <u>45</u>	_ and give it a go. You wil	l be surprised at how you w	vill develop new ways of thinking
throu	ugh trial and error and how	this will improve your resil	lience and flexibility.	
41	(A) as	(B) without	(C) away from	(D) out of
42	(A) accidents	(B) frequencies	(C) opportunities	(D) tragedies
43	(A) abstract	(B) objective	(C) innate	(D) eligible
44	(A) Not become	(B) Have become	(C) Becoming	(D) Became
45	(A) culture shock	(B) comfort zone	(C) safety belt	(D) generation gap

請依下文回答第46題至第50題:

The marketing term "effective frequency" refers to the idea that a consumer has to see or hear an ad a number of times before its message hits home. Essentially, the more you say something, the more it sticks in—and possibly on—people's heads. It doesn't even have to be true—and that's the problem. What advertisers call "effective frequency," psychologists call the "illusory truth effect": the more you hear something, the easier it is for your brain to process, which makes it feel true, regardless of its basis in fact.

"Each time, it takes fewer resources to understand," says Lisa Fazio, a psychology professor at Vanderbilt University. "That ease of processing gives it the weight of a gut feeling." That feeling of truth allows misconceptions to sneak into our knowledge base, where they **masquerade** as facts. One example Fazio and her research team give is the belief that vitamin C can prevent colds, which many people have taken as a fact but is actually a misconception simply because it is long repeated.

Even in the absence of endless repetition, we're more likely to believe what we hear than to question it objectively, thanks to another psychological principle: confirmation bias.

"In general, human beings, after hearing any claim, behave like naive scientists and tend to look for information that confirms the initial conjecture," says Ajay Kalra, a marketing professor at Rice's Jones Graduate School of Business. "In an interesting experiment, a group of consumers was told a leather jacket, Brand A, was very good. When **they** later examined several brands, they tended to spend more time looking at Brand A and evaluating it more highly than other brands."

The same principle applies to a coffee company's claim that its coffee is the "richest" in the world. "Confirmation bias typically applies to situations where information is ambiguous and hard to refute," he explains. "The more often you hear a message, the more the confirmatory bias likely comes into play."

It's no wonder that many of us fall for false claims on social media, especially when we see them tweeted and retweeted again and again. How can we fight back? There are ways to lessen the influence of repeated claims. One of the best: don't rely on a single source for information. Read stories from multiple news outlets and listen to a variety of opinions. Commit to staying open-minded, and consult with friends and colleagues whose perspectives differ. Take a second to consider how you know something is true. In this way, you can stymie the effects of repetition. It's a great thing to do on social media: before you share something, take that second and pause. Otherwise, you risk becoming part of the echo chamber that keeps falsehoods circulating.

of th	ne echo chamber that keeps	falsehoods circulating.				
46	What is the purpose of the passage?					
	(A) To entertain the readers.		(B) To inform the readers.			
	(C) To mislead the readers	S.	(D) To criticize the readers.			
47	What is the author's tone towards false claims on social media?					
	(A) Cynical.	(B) Fearful.	(C) Playful.	(D) Objective.		
48	Which of the following terms is NOT introduced in the passage?					
	(A) Absolute threshold.		(B) Confirmation bias.			
	(C) Effective frequency.		(D) Illusory truth effect.			
49	Which of the following words is closest in meaning to the word "masquerade" in the second paragraph?					
	(A) To reveal.	(B) To disguise.	(C) To oppose.	(D) To research.		
50	What does the underlined "they" in the passage refer to?					
	(A) Researchers.	(B) Human beings.	(C) Naive scientists.	(D) Consumers.		

測驗式試題標準答案

考試名稱: 110年公務人員特種考試警察人員、一般警察人員、國家安全局國家安全情報人員考試及 110年特種考試交通事業鐵路人員、退除役軍人轉任公務人員考試

類科名稱: 水上警察人員航海組、水上警察人員輪機組、行政警察人員、消防警察人員

英文 (試題代號:3401)

科目名稱:

單選題數:50題 單選每題配分:2.00分

複選題數: 複選每題配分:

標準答案:

題號	第1題	第2題	第3題	第4題	第5題	第6題	第7題	第8題	第9題	第10題
答案	A	В	A	С	D	A	A	С	D	В
題號	第11題	第12題	第13題	第14題	第15題	第16題	第17題	第18題	第19題	第20題
答案	A	D	В	A	С	С	A	В	A	D
題號	第21題	第22題	第23題	第24題	第25題	第26題	第27題	第28題	第29題	第30題
答案	D	В	С	С	В	A	A	A	В	A
題號	第31題	第32題	第33題	第34題	第35題	第36題	第37題	第38題	第39題	第40題
答案	D	A	В	A	С	С	D	В	A	В
題號	第41題	第42題	第43題	第44題	第45題	第46題	第47題	第48題	第49題	第50題
答案	D	С	С	С	В	В	D	A	В	D
題號	第51題	第52題	第53題	第54題	第55題	第56題	第57題	第58題	第59題	第60題
答案										
題號	第61題	第62題	第63題	第64題	第65題	第66題	第67題	第68題	第69題	第70題
答案										
題號	第71題	第72題	第73題	第74題	第75題	第76題	第77題	第78題	第79題	第80題
答案										
題號	第81題	第82題	第83題	第84題	第85題	第86題	第87題	第88題	第89題	第90題
答案										
題號	第91題	第92題	第93題	第94題	第95題	第96題	第97題	第98題	第99題	第100題
答案										

備 註: