

考試別：外交人員考試  
等 別：四等考試  
類科組別：外交行政人員類科行政組  
科 目：英文  
考試時間：1 小時 30 分

座號：\_\_\_\_\_

※注意：禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分：(50 分)

- (一)不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上，於本試題上作答者，不予計分。  
(二)請以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

一、英翻中：(每小題 10 分，共 20 分)

- (一) When winter settles in and temperatures plunge, people turn to food to provide a little warmth and comfort. In recent years, an unconventional type of warmth has elbowed its way onto more menus: the bite of chili peppers. But the chili sensation also hurts. There's no obvious biological reason why humans should tolerate it, let alone seek it out and enjoy it. In fact, our love of spicy heat is the result of long-term conditioning since the invention of the cooking fire.
- (二) Scientists have invented a magical gadget that sucks the ink off printer paper so each sheet can be used ten times over. They aim to cut the amount of planet-heating carbon dioxide emissions from the paper and pulp industry by reducing the demand for office paper. The trick is a kind of specially coated paper, which stops ink from soaking into the page. A powerful laser then vaporizes the ink.

二、中翻英：(每小題 15 分，共 30 分)

- (一)採買祭祖拜拜用的食材，要看、聞、摸，挑選新鮮的。例如，魚要挑選眼睛透明及鱗片發亮緊緻的。挑豬肉時以偏紅色最佳，若肉呈現偏褐色或紫色，聞起來有異味，就代表是不新鮮或變質的肉品。蔬果類宜選購當季盛產的，避免腐敗異味、變軟或表皮出現褶皺的蔬果。
- (二)2020 年是臺灣綠電交易自由化元年，政府開放民間投資綠電，並可自由賣給台電以外的客戶後，蓋太陽能電廠、風電電廠的熱潮就此展開序幕。2050 年達淨零碳排已是政府宣示的目標，因此再生能源發電占比必須衝上 60~70%，然而根據能源局統計，2021 年臺灣再生能源供電比僅為 5.98%，臺灣的能源轉型要從去年的 6%躍上 60%，還有很長的路要走。

乙、測驗題部分：(50分)

代號：4201

(一)本試題為單一選擇題，請選出一個正確或最適當答案。

(二)共25題，每題2分，須用2B鉛筆在試卡上依題號清楚劃記，於本試題或申論試卷上作答者，不予計分。

- 1 We give a discount of 20% for people who renew their \_\_\_\_\_ to the magazine before the expiration dates.  
(A) subscriptions            (B) stimulations            (C) simplifications            (D) shortcomings
- 2 John had never studied medicine, but he had rich \_\_\_\_\_ knowledge of it to give medical advice to his friends.  
(A) embodied            (B) eloquent            (C) empirical            (D) elliptical
- 3 Many young people nowadays spend a large \_\_\_\_\_ of their income on the mortgage.  
(A) potion            (B) portion            (C) poison            (D) profit
- 4 Burj Khalifa, at over 828 meters tall, is \_\_\_\_\_ as the tallest skyscraper in the world in 2019.  
(A) acknowledged            (B) escalated            (C) formulated            (D) penetrated
- 5 Patients with \_\_\_\_\_ diseases, such as hypertension and diabetes, have to take medicine for years to control them.  
(A) acute            (B) ironic            (C) chronic            (D) chemical
- 6 Some highly \_\_\_\_\_ managers are eager to become rich and famous as soon as possible.  
(A) ambitious            (B) permanent            (C) intimate            (D) tolerable
- 7 This educator's plan includes making four-year public college free because he thinks that higher education shouldn't just be a \_\_\_\_\_ for the wealthy.  
(A) preparation            (B) privilege            (C) prevention            (D) premiere
- 8 Some people travel far \_\_\_\_\_ enjoy the warm weather and outdoor activities.  
(A) as long as            (B) as well as            (C) in order to            (D) in addition to
- 9 The young writer's first novel was an unexpected success. It won him international \_\_\_\_\_ and was translated into more than 30 languages.  
(A) recognition            (B) stimulation  
(C) contribution            (D) transformation
- 10 She is a \_\_\_\_\_ student at school; she never skips classes though she has two part-time jobs.  
(A) diligent            (B) hostile            (C) voluntary            (D) modest

請依下文回答第 11 題至第 15 題

It's early morning in the city of London, and the sun's illuminating Tower Bridge's turrets. Even just by sunlight 11, this famous bridge is immediately recognizable. Passersby jostle to use the walkway to get to work. Tourists 12 for photographs, stretching to get both towers in their selfie. If they stick 13 long enough, they'll see the bridge do its most famous trick, splitting in two to let ships pass by. London is famous for its curving River Thames, the singular tributary which weaves through the city center and into the countryside beyond, defining the landscape and splitting the city in two. 14 the dual halves of the city are a series of bridges, from the famous -- Tower Bridge, of course, and the Millennium Bridge, 15 of the "Harry Potter" movies -- to lesser known, local landmarks.

- 11 (A) reflection (B) infection (C) explosion (D) direction  
12 (A) pose (B) post (C) pour (D) polish  
13 (A) on (B) around (C) off (D) against  
14 (A) Have connected (B) Connected (C) Connect (D) Connecting  
15 (A) star (B) moon (C) sun (D) shower

請依下文回答第 16 題至第 20 題

Scientists have discovered an interesting link between music and cheese. The creation of good cheese involves a complex dance between milk and bacteria. A new study shows that playing the right tune 16 this dance unfolds changes the final product's taste. A top Swiss cheese-maker and a team of researchers from Switzerland conducted a six-month test to look 17 the effect music had on the maturation process of Emmental cheese. After the cheese had matured, it was assessed by the researchers and a jury of 18 cheese experts. The researchers found that cheese that had been played hip-hop had a stronger aroma and flavor than the other 19. The cheese experts reached the same conclusion as the researchers - the hip-hop cheese was the tastiest. One possible explanation is that humidity, temperature or nutrients are probably not the only things that 20 taste. Sounds, ultrasounds or music can also have physical effects.

- 16 (A) despite (B) so (C) because (D) while  
17 (A) into (B) after (C) beyond (D) up  
18 (A) artificial (B) culinary (C) marine (D) revised  
19 (A) samples (B) drinks (C) bacteria (D) regions  
20 (A) commence (B) terminate (C) influence (D) anticipate

請依下文回答第 21 題至第 25 題

Do you have a “**type**”? Do you always find yourself with a certain type of partner? Whether we like it or not, most of us have a certain ‘type’ of person we usually date or are attracted to. It doesn’t need to be physical. It might be something about their energy, the way they hold themselves or the way they command attention when they enter the room. Whatever it is, we find ourselves drawn to this ‘type’ of person. If you’re lucky enough to go for the lovely person with a gentle soul ‘type’, then it’s probably unlikely you care about the fact you have a ‘type’. ‘Type’ awareness comes to our attention because nine out of the last ten relationships were really not that great!

The reason why we **wind** up with the same ‘type’ or find ourselves in a familiar relationship dynamic dates back to our earliest relationships. As a young child, we developed defense mechanisms in order to help us cope with fear, pain or frustrating circumstances in our environment. These defenses were a key contributing factor to how we formed opinions of ourselves, others and relationships. Without realizing, we unconsciously seek out people whose behavior support these opinions and beliefs. If we have formed negative ideas about ourselves, for example “I’m unlovable” or “I’m unattractive,” we seek out people who reinforce these unconscious beliefs, even if in reality we don’t like it.

So how do you stop yourself from falling for the usual ‘type’? First, start from working out why you are attracted to your ‘type’. Spend some time with yourself to try and discover your deep-seated beliefs that contributed to attracting your partners. When you invest time in exploring your early attachment patterns, you can start to identify some of the areas that lead you to develop a love for your ‘type’. Next, look at your relationship history. What negative traits, patterns or similarities do all your ex-partners share? Make comparisons, but don’t forget the more subtle emotional aspects. How did they treat you? How did they make you feel?

Understanding what draws you to your ‘type’ takes some time. Rushing out to find a new, perfect partner that’s the total opposite of your usual type isn’t going to be the answer to your ‘type’ dilemma. Although this may be refreshing for a short period of time, it is unlikely to turn out to be a long-lasting relationship.

- 21 What does the word “type” mean in this passage?
- (A) People who like your beliefs. (B) People who work with you.  
(C) People who are familiar with you. (D) People who share similar characteristics.
- 22 Which of the following words is closest in meaning to “wind” in the second paragraph?
- (A) Add. (B) End. (C) Blow. (D) Twist.
- 23 What is likely to be the source of this passage?
- (A) www.askdrlove.com. (B) www.bestbuy.com.  
(C) www.findfashion.com. (D) www.parenting.com.
- 24 According to this passage, which of the following factors influences our date choice?
- (A) Personal taste. (B) Social media.  
(C) Childhood experience. (D) Inner beliefs.
- 25 Which of the followings is NOT recommended by the author to stop ourselves from dating certain people?
- (A) To explore our inner beliefs. (B) To date someone of a different type.  
(C) To examine our past relationships. (D) To find out our attachment patterns.

# 測驗式試題標準答案

考試名稱：111年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及外交行政人員、國際經濟商務人員、民航人員及原住民族考試

類科名稱：外交行政人員行政組

科目名稱：英文（試題代號：4201）

單選題數：25題

單選每題配分：2.00分

複選題數：

複選每題配分：

標準答案：

題號	第1題	第2題	第3題	第4題	第5題	第6題	第7題	第8題	第9題	第10題
答案	A	C	B	A	C	A	B	C	A	A

題號	第11題	第12題	第13題	第14題	第15題	第16題	第17題	第18題	第19題	第20題
答案	A	A	B	D	A	D	A	B	A	C

題號	第21題	第22題	第23題	第24題	第25題	第26題	第27題	第28題	第29題	第30題
答案	D	B	A	D	B					

題號	第31題	第32題	第33題	第34題	第35題	第36題	第37題	第38題	第39題	第40題
答案										

題號	第41題	第42題	第43題	第44題	第45題	第46題	第47題	第48題	第49題	第50題
答案										

題號	第51題	第52題	第53題	第54題	第55題	第56題	第57題	第58題	第59題	第60題
答案										

題號	第61題	第62題	第63題	第64題	第65題	第66題	第67題	第68題	第69題	第70題
答案										

題號	第71題	第72題	第73題	第74題	第75題	第76題	第77題	第78題	第79題	第80題
答案										

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答案										

題號	第91題	第92題	第93題	第94題	第95題	第96題	第97題	第98題	第99題	第100題
答案										

備註：