108年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及外交行政人員、民航人員、稅務人員及原住民族考試試題

代號:30140-30340 30450-30550

頁次:6-1

考 試 別:民航人員考試

等 别:三等考試

類 科 組:飛航管制、飛航諮詢、航務管理、飛航檢查、適航檢查

科 目:英文考試時間:2小時

座號:

※注意:禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分:(50分)

一不必抄題,作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上,於本試題上作答者,不予計分。

□請以黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

一、英譯中: (15分)

We are taking steps to ensure that there will not be a reduction in our control over our security standards. To this end, the UK will operate a separate UK-only inbound cargo regime, which will mirror the EU scheme. To ensure that we do not put any barriers in place to international trade, we intend to grant UK-ACC3 designations for cargo flying into the UK from third (non-EU) countries immediately following Brexit.

二、中譯英: (15分)

現在的年輕人最大的優勢是有多方面的資訊管道,讓他們盡情的發揮 與學習。但是,這個優勢的反面就是,人變得非常心浮氣躁,沒有辦 法專心下來,好好地把基本功打好。

三、英文作文: (20分)

Write an English composition of no more than 250 words on the following topic:

Freedom of Speech and the Internet

乙、		為單一選擇題,請選出一個正確或	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	代號:4301、5304 作答者,該題 <u>不予計分</u> 。 試題或申論試卷上作答者,不予計分。
1		•		scientists call "the new normal storms, flooding, droughts and
	(A)relentless	(B)regardless	(C)restless	(D)remorseless
2	The car	_ is making a new model that	runs on gasoline and	l electricity because its customers
	want vehicles	that use less fuel.		
	(A)candidate	(R)manufacturer	(C)publisher	(D)receptionist

代號:30140-30340 30450-30550 頁次:6-2

3	One of the things that	t preoccupies test designe	ers and teachers alike is	has been called the					
	washback or backwasl	h effect.							
	(A)why	(B)whom	(C)which	(D)what					
4		Experts say that a person who works at an untidy desk spends about one-and-a-half hours a day							
	things.								
	_	(B)locating		_					
5	The refugees were here.	back to their countr	ry of origin because they	had no legal right to stay					
	(A)deserted	(B)departed	(C)discarded	(D)deported					
6	An agreement between	en the two countries has	s been reached so the U	JSA government will soon					
	the Columbian	the Columbian hijacker from Bogota for trial in America.							
	(A)alleviate	(B)accelerate	(C)extradite	(D)dissipate					
7	The United Nations re	efugee agency said 68.5 i	million people are now _	due to war, violence,					
	and persecution, with	Colombia, Syria and De	emocratic Republic of Co	ongo making up the largest					
	numbers.								
	(A)displaced	(B)decapitated	(C)digressed	(D)disintegrated					
8	The old man went bac	ck to the house he grew u	ip in and reviewed things	s in before the house					
	was demolished.	_							
	(A)retreat	(B)retrospect	(C)retroaction	(D)retroversion					
9	A full of the da	mage is under way, but in	nitial reports suggest it is	minimal.					
	(A)assessment	(B)execution	(C)cooperation	(D)requirement					
10	Exercise is a direct and	d contribution to re	educing the likelihood of	heart disease.					
	(A)notable	(B)migratory	(C)insignificant	(D)incidental					
11	The US administratio	n worked to reunite hun	dreds of migrant familie	es whose separation on the					
	Mexico border drew worldwide condemnation and forced the government to its								
	"zero-tolerance" immi	igration policy.		-					
	(A)abide by	(B)stand by	(C)endorse	(D)ease					
12	Shootings in US com	nmunities and even in h	igh schools have raised	international concerns on					
	violence since many of the crimes were done by armed high school students.								
	(A) juvenile	(B)judicial	(C)jubilant	(D)judgmental					
13	After a series of volca	nic explosions occurred o	on Saturday morning, fire	efighters went door-to-door					
	to urge residents to	right away.	_						
	(A)evaluate	(B)excuse	(C)excrete	(D)evacuate					
14	In Italy, discontented	railway workers began a	a slowdown that sparked	nationwide of train					
	•	used hundreds of passage	-						
	(A) disruption	(B) distinction	(C)disclosure	(D)discharge					
15	•			s is and liable to a					
	maximum fine of NT\$10,000.								
			(C)smuggled	(D)reinforced					

30450-30550

頁次:6-3

請依下文回答第 16 題至第 20 題:

A young woman, wearing a traditional full-length Amish dress and white bonnet, stepped away from a farmer's market, opened her palm and revealed a smartphone. She began to scroll through screens, seemingly <u>16</u> to the activity around her.

Not far away, a man in his late 60s with a silvery beard, wide-brimmed straw hat and suspenders adjusted the settings on a computer-driven crosscut saw. He was soon cutting pieces for gazebos that are sold __17__ and delivered around the country.

The Amish have not given up on horse-drawn buggies. Their rigid <u>18</u> from many kinds of technology has left parts of their lifestyle <u>19</u> since the 19th century: no cars, TVs or connections to electric utilities, for example.

But computers and cellphones are <u>20</u> into some Amish communities, pushing them—sometimes willingly, often not—into the 21st century.

16	(A)detrimental	(B)oblivious	(C)pertinent	(D)tantamount
17	(A)out	(B)online	(C)openly	(D)onward
18	(A)abstinence	(B)dogma	(C)regimen	(D)departure
19	(A)devastated	(B)frozen	(C)mutated	(D)transformed
20	(A)bumping	(B)crashing	(C) making their way	(D) feeling their way

請依下文回答第21題至第25題:

If you spend most of your days sitting at school, work, at a computer or stretched out on a couch at home, you may be taking up to two years off your life. It is common knowledge that a sedentary lifestyle <u>21</u> the risk of heart disease, type 2 diabetes, cancer and obesity, and can result in premature death. Many people think they can compensate for sitting around by walking, playing sports or going to the gym. <u>22</u>, this might not be so. A new study just published in the journal "Annals of Internal Medicine" suggests the effect on our longevity from sitting for long periods of time cannot be <u>23</u> through exercise. Even 60 minutes of daily exercise may not be enough.

The study is from Dr. David Alter and his colleagues at Toronto University. Dr. Alter and his team analysed 47 studies that tracked different groups of people, 24 kept notes on how long they sat down each day and how much they exercised. They found that the most sedentary groups had a 24% increased chance of dying during the course of the study than the least sedentary 25. This remained the case even though those who sat a lot also did 60 minutes of daily exercise.

21	(A)outweighs	(B)reduces	(C)assesses	(D)increases
22	(A)Unfortunately	(B)Additionally	(C)Consequently	(D)Similarly
23	(A)retained	(B)reversed	(C)regretted	(D)resolved
24	(A)that	(B) which	(C)who	(D)whom
25	(A)other	(B)one	(C)others	(D)ones

30450-30550

頁次:6-4

請依下文回答第26題至第30題:

More than half of India's population lives in villages. Gandhi had said, "the real India lives in villages." Rustic simplicity and natural beauty is **emblematic** of Indian culture and heritage.

Lives of most people in villages mostly depend on agriculture. Some people earn their living from animal husbandry and agro-based cottage industries. Most of the villagers are farmers. They are hardworking, unassuming and generous. When farmers plough their fields in the morning sun, the chirping of birds that accompanies the movement of the oxen seems to hum a melody of hard work. Farmers are innocent by nature unlike some of their urban counterparts who lose their inner goodness in the cut-throat world of materialism in cities.

Life in urban India is marked by wide-ranging disparity. There are residents who have unlimited means of enjoyment but some people are so poor that they have to live in slums. Economic inequality, pollution and garbage are the bane of urban existence. People also have to face lack of adequate water supply. Yet people want to live in cities because they get facilities for good education, healthcare, transport and so many modes of comforts and entertainment. There are also good opportunities for employment in cities unlike villages where very few people are gainfully employed.

City life is a boon in many ways, but on the other hand it is also a curse. Every year the population of cities is growing by leaps and bounds, increasing pressure on their infrastructure and reducing life to a dehumanised rat race.

Thus, life in villages and in cities presents two contrasting pictures. There are positive as well as negative aspects to the both and it is up to the individuals to make the most of it irrespective of the rural or urban setting that one lives in.

- 26 What is the word "emblematic" closest in meaning to?
 - (A)embedded (B)synthetic (C)embodied (D)symbolic
- 27 In which section is this passage most likely found?
 - (A) Health (B) Indian Art (C) Life Style (D) Travel
- 28 What is implied about urban India in the passage?
 - (A) People have a less tendency to consider material possessions.
 - (B) There is no need to worry about water supply because of adequate rainfall.
 - (C) The population increases at a slow pace due to a dehumanised rat race.
 - (D) People are deprived of positive human qualities by the pressure of urban life.
- 29 According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
 - (A) People in villages have an inclination to materialism.
 - (B) People in urban India have higher educational standards.
 - (C) There are more problems in the villages than those in the city.
 - (D) People in villages yearn for living in the countryside.
- 30 According to the passage, who is most likely to live in the rural area?
 - (A) A wealthy planter wearing rags that loves working in his orchard every morning.
 - (B) An entrepreneur that does trade with a merchant owning Nigeria's 2nd Largest Rice Farm.
 - (C) A hardworking dentist who specializes in treating the tissues around the teeth.
 - (D) A retired high school teacher who lives in a small chalet with an extensive area of lawn.

30450-30550

頁次:6-5

請依下文回答第 31 題至第 35 題:

Mada'in Saleh was known as Hegra by the Nabataean people who carved its magnificent tombs into the golden Quweira sandstone outcrops. They were also known for their incredible familiarity with the desert and their ability to fade into it to evade enemy tribes. Their system of hidden <u>cisterns</u> dug deep in the interior provided water for their livestock and their people. The real cause of the success of the Nabataeans, however, was control over much of the spice trade. Many spices from southern Arabia were brought up to the north along trade routes to be purchased by people around the Mediterranean and in the Near East.

The details on the entrance portals and the smooth surfaces of its 111 tomb façades reflect the great skills of the masons of the Nabataeans' time. The splendor of the natural setting here must have reminded the Nabataeans of their capital, Petra. It is no wonder that they chose this very spot to build their second city, Hegra, because it was a crossroads where the major north-south incense route intersected a road from the Red Sea to the Persian Gulf.

The ruins of the town of Hegra lie on the plain some distance from their tombs. The buildings, still for the most part unexcavated, were made of unimpressive sun-dried mudbrick. What is known about Hegra comes primarily from the tombs, the many inscriptions carved into their façades, and references found elsewhere. The tomb façades are finely carved and fairly uniform in their style. A portal in the center of the façade provides the entrance to the tomb. Inside are recesses carved into the walls where the bodies of the deceased were placed.

- 31 What is this passage mainly about?
 - (A) How the Nabataeans sold spices in ancient times.
 - (B) How the ruins of Hegra reveal the Nabataeans' lives.
 - (C) How people made a living in the desert.
 - (D) How the Nabataeans carved their tombs.
- 32 According to the passage, what is Mada'in Saleh?
 - According to the passage, what is wada in Salen:
- 33 According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?

(B) An ancient tomb.

- (A) The inside and outside of the Nabataean people's tombs were both finely carved.
- (B) The ruins of the town of Hegra are close to Petra.
- (C) The Nabataeans excelled in the spice trade only.
- (D) The Nabataeans knew how to use desert to avoid enemies.
- 34 From which of the following sources do we learn about people's lives in Hegra at that time?
 - (A) The spices they sold.

(A) An ancient city.

(B) Their enemies.

(C) A tribe.

(C)People who live there now.

(D) The words carved in the tombs.

- 35 Which of the following best replaces the word "cistern" in the passage?
 - (A) A tank for storing water.

(B) A place for raising animals.

(C) A tomb found in desert.

(D) A language spoken by the Nabataeans.

(D)A capital.

30450-30550

頁次:6-6

請依下文回答第36題至第40題:

A recent report issued by the British Parliament's Home Affairs Committee has strongly criticized the government's mistreatment of the Windrush generation because many of their rights have been rejected without reasons. The so-called Windrush generation is referred to those immigrants who migrated to the UK from Commonwealth nations after World War II. Yet, despite being legal immigrants for decades, those people were treated unreasonably as illegal ones. A lot of them have become unemployed, homeless, and even been deprived of their access to pensions, social security and health care. Further, the report indicates that this occurrence was caused by the implementation of various policies that makes the Home Office undergo several cultural and legislative transformations. This transition has let the ministry become inflexible and bureaucratic.

Moreover, the report also reveals that people from the Windrush generation feel obligated to follow procedures that are, in fact, meant to cheat and trick them. And significant resources for support like legal assistance and the right of appeal have all been eliminated. People like them are being **ensnared** by policies that are aimed for attacking illegal immigrants. The report eventually advises that the government needs to attentively interrogate the Windrush case and discover the reasons why the policies have foundered in order to ensure that there is no recurrence of similar things in the future. The report also reminds the Home Office of the lesson learned from this Windrush scandal.

- What is the main purpose of this report issued by the British Parliament's Home Affairs Committee?
 - (A) To inform people of the malfunction of the Windrush generation.
 - (B)To remind the Home Office of the dangers involved in the scandal.
 - (C) To instruct the Home Office how to redress the financial imbalance.
 - (D)To suggest the Home Office attends to the Windrush issue.
- According to the passage, which of the following statements about the Windrush case can be inferred?
 - (A) It uncovers how the government's wrong policies could have a devastating effect on immigrants.
 - (B)It showcases the anxiety and agony of the illegal immigrants who have been treated unequally.
 - (C) It downplays the likely racial discrimination against immigrants who are alien and non-white.
 - (D)It unravels the various ways in which the Windrush generation was fairly treated.
- What is the consequence of the implementation of the government's policies on immigration affairs?
 - (A) The government has regarded the Windrush generation as illegal immigrants.
 - (B) The government has been investigated by the parliament.
 - (C) The government has become stiff and commanding.
 - (D) The government has become receptive to criticism.
- 39 Which of the following words is closest in meaning to "ensnared" in Paragraph 2?

(A)trapped (B)divided (C)eliminated (D)abandoned

40 What is the author's attitude towards the Windrush generation?

(A) harsh (B) indifferent (C) optimistic (D) sympathetic

測驗題標準答案更正

考試名稱: 108年公務人員特種考試外交領事人員及外交行政人員、民航人員、稅務人員及原住民族

類科名稱: 飛航管制、飛航諮詢、航務管理

科目名稱: 英文

單選題數:40題 單選每題配分:1.25分

複選題數: 複選每題配分:

標準答案:答案標註#者,表該題有更正答案,其更正內容詳見備註。

題號	第1題	第2題	第3題	第4題	第5題	第6題	第7題	第8題	第9題	第10題
答案	#	В	D	В	D	С	A	В	A	A
題號	第11題	第12題	第13題	第14題	第15題	第16題	第17題	第18題	第19題	第20題
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答案	D	A	В	С	D	D	С	D	В	A
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答案	В	A	D	D	A	D	A	С	A	D
題號	第41題	第42題	第43題	第44題	第45題	第46題	第47題	第48題	第49題	第50題
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答案										

備 註: 第1題答A或D或AD者均給分。