桃園大眾捷運股份有限公司109年度第一次新進人員招募甄試試題

專業科目:共同科目 測驗時間:14:00-15:00 卷別:甲卷

維修類組:技術員(維修機械類)、技術員(維修電機類)、技術員(維修電子類)、

技術員(維修土木類)

招募類科:

運務類組:司機員(運務車務類)、站務員(運務站務類)

原住民類組:技術員(維修機械類)、技術員(維修電機類)、站務員(運務站務類)

※注意:本卷試題每題為四個選項,答錯不倒扣,全為**單一選擇題**,請選出<u>一個</u>正確或最適當的<u>答案</u>,依題號清楚劃記,<u>複選</u>作答者,該題<u>不予計分</u>。全份共計 50 題,每題 2 分,須用 <u>2B 鉛筆</u>在答案卡上依題號<u>清楚</u>劃記,於本試題卷上作答者,不予計分。測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(招生簡章公告可使用之計算機),但不得發出聲響,亦不得使用智慧型手機之計算機功能,其它詳如試場規則。

1. (C)有關簽稿之原則,「以稿代簽」為 (A)牽涉較廣,會商未獲結論案件 (B)依法准駁,但案情特殊須加說明之案件 (C)一般案情簡單,或例行承轉之案件 (D)須限時辦發不及先行請示之案件。

※請閱讀下列引文:

與善人居,如入芝蘭之室,久而自芳也;與惡人居,如入鮑魚之肆,久而自臭也。墨子悲於染絲,是之謂矣。君子必慎交遊焉。孔子曰:「」顏、閔之徒,何可世得!但優於我,便足貴之。

《顏氏家訓・慕賢篇》

- 2. (D)請依文意推敲,選出與「」內的句子意思相近的選項。 (A)交朋友,各行各業的人都可以接觸一些 (B)朋友間不應該存在猜忌 (C)交朋友應該選擇那些有權勢的人 (D)不要和不如自己的人作朋友。
- 3. (B)公文程式之類別中「咨」為 (A)公布法律、任免、獎懲官員,總統、軍事機關、部隊發布命令時使用 (B)總統與立法院、監察院公文往復時用之 (C)對總統有所呈請或報告時用之 (D) 各機關間公文往返,或人民與機關間之申請與答復時用之。
- 4. (A)下列關於公告的製作要點,何者為非? (A)公告應以官方文字書寫,且不可過於白話 (B)有些公告可以免用三段式,例如工程實施或者標價物品即可用表格呈現 (C)公告內容不需要將機關來文日期、開會會議記錄等列入其中 (D)公告除了利用機關的布告欄,也可以透過報刊等大眾傳播工具作為公布的媒介。
- (D)中國第一篇文學批評專文〈典論論文〉中論述各類文體各有所宜,曰:「蓋奏議宜□,書論宜□,銘誄尚□,詩賦欲□」,下列選項,依序填入正確的是 (A)實、雅、理、麗 (B)理、麗、實、雅 (C)理、麗、雅、實 (D)雅、理、實、麗。
- 6. (C)公文夾的顏色常依公文處理的時限性來區分,白色公文夾應該用於? (A)最速件 (B)速件 (C)普通件 (D)機密件。
- 7. (B)(甲)核稿(乙)擬稿(丙)陳核(丁)會商(戊)會稿(己)閱稿(庚)判行(辛)擬辦。 就實際處理公文時的步驟,依序排列為 (A)乙辛己甲丁戊丙庚 (B)辛丁丙乙甲戊己庚 (C)丁辛 乙戊甲丙庚己 (D)丁辛己乙丙甲戊庚。
- 8. (C)公文主旨之期望及目的語,對「平行機關」可用?(A)希 照辦 (B)請 核示 (C)請 查照 (D)請 核備。
- 9. (D)下列何者為無隸屬關係的較低級機關對較高級機關用語 (A)鈞部 (B)鈞府 (C)鈞長 (D)大部。
- 10. (B)或(D)下列各組「」中的字音,何者字形兩兩相同? (A)「尸乂丶」忽而逝/「尸乂丶」光 乍現 (B)「《乂∨」惑人心/巫「《乂∨」之禍 (C)有所希「Ц一丶」/老「Ц一丶」伏櫪 (D) 銷聲「3一丶」跡/「3一丶」稱。
- 11. (A)東漢建安文學有所謂「三祖陳王」,其中「三祖」指的是 (A)曹操、曹丕、曹叡 (B)曹丕、曹植、曹沖 (C)曹操、曹丕、曹植 (D)曹操、劉備、孫權。

- 12. (B)有關於「對聯」的定義,何者有誤? (A)對聯的正格為上下聯字數、句數相等,句型、詞性相同 (B)上聯為平聲,下聯為仄聲 (C)上聯應置右,下聯應置左 (D)就對又稱當句對,為對聯的變格。
- 13. (B)下列各組文句「」內的詞,意義前後相同的是 (A)是以「區區」不能廢遠/余「區區」處敗屋中 (B)孟嘗君怪其疾也,「衣冠」而見之/昔齊人有欲金者,清旦「衣冠」而之市 (C)武仲以能「屬」文為蘭臺令史/舉酒「屬」客誦明月之詩 (D)夢啼妝淚紅「闌干」/沉香亭北倚「闌干」。
- 14. (D) 下列是有關年齡的題辭:

年齊大衍 乙、從心所欲 丙、壯圖大展 丁、天保九如

請依照由少至老的順序排序,選出正確答案 (A)甲乙丙丁 (B)乙丁甲丙 (C)丙丁乙甲 (D)丙甲乙丁。

15. (B)下列有關公文結構的敘述,正確的是 (A)希望受文機關辦理之速度,可填「最速件」、「速件」等,普通件亦須寫「普通件」 (B)公文的主體視需要可分為「主旨」、「說明」、「辦法」三段,或用一段、兩段均可 (C)保密等級可填「絕對機密」、「極機密」、「機密」、「密」,如非密件則寫「非密件」 (D)公文本文,「說明」及「辦法」不可更改名稱。

※閱讀測驗 (第16至18題)

Do you want to bolster your chances of maintaining your New Year's resolution? Then consider heeding these tips from scholars at Stanford University: we should ingrain "tiny habits" for ourselves rather than try to rework our behaviors outright. Tiny goals like "flossing one tooth" may sound like ridiculously small achievements, but broad goals like "eating healthy" are more **elusive** because they're more abstractions than achievable feats. Instead, desired behaviors incorporated as day-to-day habits are much more effective since you'll carry them out without thinking about it.

Keeping a scorecard could also help you track your progress since this will keep you tuned in on your efforts. It'll also create a sense of satisfaction if you manage to keep your resolution. Besides, maintaining a sense of purpose in the face of temptation is key to achieving goals; practicing mindfulness through meditation might help promote self-regulation. Last, you should keep your resolution to yourself. Announcing your goal implies a sense of completion, meaning you're less likely to follow through. Lifehacker, however, counters this suggestion, advising that you tell friends or family members. Having social support helps people achieve difficult goals and holds them accountable for following through with their resolution.

- 16. **(C)**What is the main purpose of the passage?
 - (A) To explain the difficulty of keeping New Year's resolution.
 - (B) To illustrate the benefits of making New Year's resolution.
 - (C) To provide advice on how to stick to New Year's resolution.
 - (D) To compare New Year's resolution to a daunting task.
- 17. (B) What does the word "elusive" in the second paragraph most likely mean?
 - (A) feasible (B) vague (C) crucial (D) apparent
- 18. (A)According to the passage, which of the following tips may have pros and cons?
 - (A) announce your goals to friends (B) k
- (B) keep a scorecard
 - (C) make modest change in habits
- (D) do mindfulness practice
- 19. (B)If you are _____ to run errands for me, just tell me. I won't force you to do things you don't want to. (A)indifferent (B)reluctant (C)sympathetic (D)willing
- 20. (D)Jenny really ______ the prize because she has spent a great amount of time and effort doing research on the cure for the rare disease. (A)inherits (B)manipulates (C)retains (D)deserves
- 21. (A)For those who do not _____ the traffic regulation, they must pay a fine of NT\$1,800.

- 頁次:4-3 (A)abide by (B)call for (C)bring in (D)depend on 22. (C)The door of this convenience store slides open when you push the button, so you don't have to open it yourself. (A) intentionally (B) originally (C) automatically (D) frequently 23. (A)On Christmas day, many people have fun in gift ______ activities. They feel excited when they receive the gifts they want. (A) exchange (B) wrapping (C) recruitment (D) refund 24. (A)Housing prices in Taipei City have soared extremely in recent years, which _____ younger households from purchasing houses there. (A) deters (B) alerts (C) encourages (D) increases 25. (D)They went to the same high school and college. Now they even work in the same company. What a ! (A)probability (B)revolution (C)farewell (D)coincidence 26. (D)The actress feels very delighted and ______ to be able to work with some of the most talented and world-renowned directors. (A)impoverished (B)depressed (C)frustrated (D)privileged 27. (A)It's difficult for people to function well when they're sleep _____. They can't focus well if they (C) replaced don't have enough sleep.(A) deprived (B) occupied 28. (B)No one can say with _____ certainty that the world economy will undoubtedly turn better next year. The future is unpredictable. (A)accurate (B)absolute (C)additional (D)appropriate 29. (A)To save time in a conference, please do not talk about things that are not ______ to the main topic. (A)relevant (B)sensible (C)accurate (D)condensed 30. (B)Reading can broaden your _____. So, read as many different kinds of books as you can. (A)atmospheres (B)horizons (C)surfaces (D)mechanisms 31. (C)Exercising for thirty minutes is one of Anita's daily _____. She does it every day and that's how she keeps fit. (A)accessories (B)belongings (C)routines (D)capacities 32. (B)For information ______, users should change their passwords at least once every three months. (A)leakage (B)security (C)flow (D)processing 33. (C)It was my teacher who _____ me to study abroad, and it turned out to be the best time in my life. (A)dissuaded (B)rescued (C)inspired (D)conveyed 34. (D)The contract will not be legally binding until it has been _____ agreed to by both parties. (A)evidently (B)nearly (C)liberally (D)formally 35. (A)You can add the fluid to the powder, or _____, you can add the powder to the fluid. (A)conversely (B)namely (C)generally (D)precisely 36. (A)阿信、阿光、小謙不聽師長勸告,仍在學校玩著棒球遊戲,結果將窗戶弄破了,三位目擊證
- 破的? (A)阿信 (B)阿光 (C)小謙 (D)此三人以外的人弄破的。 37. (C)甲、乙、丙三人獨立工作,一段時間過後,甲說:「我做完了」,乙說:「甲沒做完」,丙說:「我 做完了」, 廠長聽到他們的話並看完他們的工作後說:「你們三個中有一個人做完了, 有一個人說 謊」,請問以下推論何者正確? (A)甲做完了 (B)乙做完了 (C)丙做完了 (D)乙說謊。

人證詞如下:甲:阿信弄破的或小謙弄破的;乙:不是阿信弄破的且不是阿光弄破的;丙:不是 一個人單獨弄破的。在老師的調查之下發現甲所言屬實,乙、丙兩人說謊。試問窗戶究竟是誰打

- 38. (B)白醋用於消毒的語句邏輯關係與下列何者最接近? (A)熱水器用於加熱 (B)汽油用於去漬 (C)白糖用於調味 (D)靈芝用於滋補。
- 39. (A)某間男女比例相當的公司,有研發部、行銷部、財務部三個部門,行銷部人數多於研發部, 而在財務部中,女性多於男性,請問以下推論何者正確? (A)行銷部男性多於研發部女性 (B)研發部男性少於行銷部女性 (C)研發部女性少於行銷部女性 (D)行銷部男性少於研發部男 性。
- 40. (C)某位流行病學專家分析 2019 新型冠狀病毒傳染模型,此模型假設開始傳染第 x 天,感染人數 為y人,x與y的關係式為 $y=1000+3600x-20x^2$,則這一次的冠狀病毒疫情將在第幾天感染的 人數達到最高峰? (A)40 天 (B)65 天 (C)90 天 (D)120 天。
- 41. (C)有一個長方形的花圃,長寬比例為3:2,且花圃的周長為30公尺,請問花圃的短邊長度為多 少公尺? (A)4公尺 (B)5公尺 (C)6公尺 (D)7公尺。
- 42. (C)某捷運列車共有 5 節車廂,現今打算挑選 2 個車廂作為友善車廂,請問有幾種挑選結果? (A)6 種 (B)8 種 (C)10 種 (D)12 種。
- 43. (A)哥哥與弟弟的手裡各有一筆錢,如果哥哥給弟弟 50 元,兩人手裡的金額便相同,但反過來, 如果弟弟給哥哥 50 元,那麼哥哥手裡的金額會是弟弟的兩倍,請問哥哥原本有多少錢? (A)350

- 元 (B)400 元 (C)450 元 (D)500 元。
- 44. (D)阿桃閱讀一本小說,第一天讀了全部的 1/7,第二天讀剩下的 2/5,第三天將剩下的讀完。已知第二天讀了 168 頁,則這本小說共有幾頁? (A)325 頁 (B)380 頁 (C)420 頁 (D)490 頁。
- 45. (D)「蘋果比水蜜桃便宜」、「我的錢不夠買兩斤蘋果」,請問以下推論何者正確? (A)我的錢夠買一斤蘋果 (B)我的錢夠買一斤水蜜桃 (C)我的錢不夠買一斤水蜜桃 (D)我的錢可能夠也可能不夠買一斤水蜜桃。
- 46. (B)在感冒流行期間,感冒的人有7成5會戴口罩,沒感冒的人有1成5會戴口罩。假設在捷運車廂中40人有18人戴著口罩,則有多少人有感冒卻沒戴口罩? (A)4人 (B)5人 (C)12人 (D)13人。
- 47. (A)「如果甲出席,那麼乙也出席」,請問以下推論何者正確? (A)如果乙不出席,那麼甲也不出席 (B)如果乙出席,那麼甲也出席 (C)如果甲不出席,那麼乙也不出席 (D)只有甲出席,乙才出席。
- 48. (C)日前桃捷公司舉辦路跑大賽,阿桃在距離終點前追過第四名,請問他是第幾名? (A)第二名 (B)第三名 (C)第四名 (D)第五名。
- 49. (C)某部門「服務態度好」的員工有 10 人,「工作效率佳」的員工有 5 人,具備上述條件之一者將接受表揚,請問該部門所表揚的員工人數為幾人? (A)恰 5 人 (B)5 至 10 人 (C)10 至 15 人 (D)恰 15 人。
- 50. (A)阿捷家到公司的距離為 12.9 公里,他每天開車上下班。已知他的汽車每公升汽油可以跑 8.6 公里,而現在汽油 1 公升價格為 24.5 元,請問阿捷一天花費的油錢為多少元? (A)73.5 元 (B)75 元 (C)77.5 元 (D)80 元。

本試卷試題結束